The Centre Reporter.

VOL. LXXIX. CENTRE HALL, PA., THURSDAY, MARCH 29, 1906. NO. 13.

COMMENDS ORVIS' RULE.

Milton Standard Compliments Centre County's Judge for His Ruling on License Question.

Judge Orvis, of Centre county, has laid down two or three rules in the granting of licenses that if generally followed would stop a good deal of drunkeness, and would bring happiness to thousands of homes on Christmas and other festive occasions, that are made miserable by thoughtless and degenerate husbands and fathers and sons, who set apart these occasions for the gratification of their bestial appetites. The sale of liquor by the bottle at the bar is one of the most prolific sources of drunkeness and crime in the liquor traffic. It has done more to maintain the corp of inebriates than any other one phase of liquor selling Hundreds and thousands of boys and young men are thus supplied with intoxicants from the bars where they could not get it themselves, being under age. Selling liquor by the bottle is directly responsible for fully fifty per cent. of the Sunday debauchery so prevalent in all parts of the country, but more particularly in the industrial centres. No license rule has been laid down in years that will do more for the homes of drinking men and tend in a greater degree to promote temperance and sobriety among minors than Judge Orvis' action. Not long since when Judges Savidge and Auten laid down some new rules governing the sale of liquor in this county, we heard a strong license man declare that such proceedings were unwarranted and unlawful. It probably never occurred to him that the granting of licenses was discretionary with the court—that it could refuse all licenses if it saw fit. Judges have not only the right but they are fully justified in throwing about the sale of intoxicating liquors every possible restraint that will tend to decrease the balefull effects of the traffic, and it is to be regretted that too many of them do not appear to be inclined to exercise their prerogatives in the interests of morality and good citizenship.

Asking for 2-cent Fare.

An effort is being put forth by "The Homeless 26," an organization of commercial travelers, to have the next legislature reduce the legal rate of car fare from three to two cents a mile on all roads in Pennsylvania. A meeting of delegates representing associations similar to the above will be held in Harrisburg, April 12th, at 2 p. m. The resolutions following convey the purpose of the assemblage :

Resolved, that we approve and commend the efforts being made to abolish the present system of mileage books used by certain railroads requiring the excess payment of ten dollars ($10) and the securing of a two-cent rate for passenger travel upon steam railways throughout the state of Pennsylvania through concessions from the railways or legislation at the coming session of the legislature.

Resolved, further that this organization appoint a committee composed of four of its members who will meet similar committees from other organizations throughout the state at Harrisburg, Pa., April 12, 1906, at 2 p. m. for the purpose of formulating plans for the furtherance of the railroad matter.

LOCALS.

Harry Potter, of near Pittsburg, was home for a few days.

The temperature Thursday night was one degree below zero.

George W. Miller, of Linden Hall, had set Wednesday of this week to move to Axe Mann.

Lloyd Walters, a student at Susquehanna University, Selinsgrove, is the guest of his aunt, Mrs. J. M. Rearick, in this place.

Rev. M. S. Derstine, of North Bend, Clinton county, on his way to conference at Tyrone, stopped to visit his mother, Mrs. Sarah Derstine, in this place.

Mr. and Mrs. Al. Homan, of Altoona, have been in Centre Hall since the middle of last week. Mr. Homan is settling up the affairs of his father's estate.

Jacob Lee, of Milton, was in Penns Valley the latter part of last week. There is a possibility that he will move to near York, and engage in the butchering business.

Mrs. W. Henry Schuyler is away this week attending the annual meeting of the Woman's Foreign Missionary Society of the Presbytery of Huntingdon, held in Hollidaysburg on Wednesday and Thursday, March 28 h and 29th.

April 6th is Arbor Day. From present indications Governor Pennypacker will be obliged to revise his proclamation if he wishes trees set in Penns Valley on the first arbor day in 1906. All this on account of the heavy blanket of snow covering almost every foot of mother earth.

SOUSA'S NEW OPERA

"The Free Lance," with Joseph Cawthorn, at the Chestnut Street Opera House, Philadelphia, Beginning Monday, April 2d.

Joseph Cawthorn and a large company of merrymakers will be seen at the Chestnut Street Opera House, Philadelphia, for two weeks, beginning April 2d, in the new comic opera, "The Free Lance." The play is replete with witty sayings, excruciatingly funny comedy situations, entertaining dialogue, pretty girls and a series of tuneful, catchy musical jingles. In addition to the star the cast includes many well known actors. The story deals with the adventures of one Siegmund Lump (the role assumed by Cawthorn) who is a bandit chief of great power and like Samson, his strength lies in his hair. Losing this hirsute adornment he becomes cowardly and timid and is forced to flee from his band. He becomes a sheep herder and meeting the Goose Girl, marries her. Meanwhile the kings of two different islands get into money difficulties and each thinking the other possessed of money, plan to marry the Prince and Princess to one another. On hearing this, the Prince, who has never seen his bride to be, becomes indignant and runs away. He meets Siegmund in the mountains and persuades him to exchange clothes with him, each assuming the other's part. About this time the Princess, hearing she is to marry a Prince whom she has never seen, also runs away, and like the Prince, wanders into the mountains. Here she meets the Goose Girl and by giving her a few gold pieces succeeds in getting her to exchange clothes with her. Siegmund and the Goose Girl wander into court, and the kings having found out by this time of the disappearance of their children, marry by proxy the Goose Girl and Siegmund. Siegmund is compelled to rule the island twenty-four hours and succeeds in getting the kingdom in a worse state of rebellion than before. However, before the final fall of the curtain everything ends happily and all ma ters are straightened out.

Nothing Unusual.

The fact that 1905 had fifty-three Sundays is nothing unusual, although an item appeared in many newspapers that not for one hundred years would the like occur again. To prove that the year 1911 will have fifty-three Sundays, just do a bit of thinking along this line :

Each common year contains fifty-two weeks and one day. Each common year then begins and ends on the same day of the week. Each leap year has fifty-two weeks and two days, and ends one day in the week later than it began. Now to begin, 1905 began and ended on Sunday, and so had fifty-three Sundays. 1906 began and ends on Monday, and has fifty-two Sundays. 1907 begins and ends on Tuesday with fifty-two Sundays. 1908 begins on Wednesday, but as it is leap year it ends on Thursday, and 1909 begins and ends on Friday, while 1910 begins and ends on Saturday. All these have fifty-two Sundays. Now 1911 begins and ends on Sunday, and has fifty-three Sundays. This is six years later than 1905. There are fourteen years of this century which will have fifty-three Sundays, and the differences between the years of this series are 5, 6, and 11 years.

LOCALS.

The Intermediate and Primary grades of the borough schools close Monday of next week.

The hip pockets in the pantaloons may hereafter be reduced somewhat in size. The new pattern will be Orvis style.

The public sales are nearly all over. Since the middle of the month the weather was very unfavorable for sales, yet no one seemed to suffer.

W. H. Kuhn, of Jersey Shore, came to Centre Hall Saturday, and for a few days was the guest of his daughter, Mrs. S. W. Smith. Before coming here he had been in Philipsburg.

Mrs. Anna McClenahan, of Potters Mills, was a caller at this office Monday morning. She accompanied her daughter-in-law to Centre Hall railroad station, where the latter took the train for the west.

United States District Court Judge Benjamin Franklin Keller, of Bramwell, West Virginia, is wintering in New Mexico. Judge Keller is a native of Boalsburg, and is one of the many distinguished men who claims Harris township as his native heath.

The borough financial statement was printed this week. The finances of the borough have greatly improved during the past two years. Bonds are being lifted, and at the same time the tax rate was reduced a year ago. An item of expense that is extraordinary is the payment of almost one hundred dollars, on account of R. A. Krape, to the Mifflin county authorities.

[As previously announced, "Write-Ups" of men and women, natives of Penns, Georges or Brush Valleys, who are making life a success in other sections, will appear in The Centre Reporter from week to week. These contributions are made by a number of writers who have kindly consented to aid in conducting this department.—EDITOR.]

REV. D. J. MITTERLING, PH. D.
Centreville, Iowa.

The subject of this sketch was born on the Mitterling homestead, three miles southwest of Centre Hall. Here he spent his boyhood days until leaving home to prepare for teaching, in which calling he engaged for five school terms, in the meantime attending the Millersville State Normal during the summer. He then entered Missionary Institute, now West Susquehanna University, at Selinsgrove, continuing there two and a half years.

At this time he decided to complete his studies at Wittenberg College, Springfield, Ohio, from which institution he graduated in 1880. After completing his college course he entered Wittenberg Theological Seminary, graduating in 1883.

While at college Mr. Mitterling ranked high in reputation as a student. Possessing more than ordinary ability as a speaker, he was frequently sought for special addresses, and was honored by his own institution by being elected to the contest in oratory.

Not satisfied with his attainments at college and in the seminary he entered upon a Post Graduate course in Providence University, receiving in June, 1904, the degree of Ph. D. In his Post Graduate work Ethics and Evidences constituted the major part of the course.

The course itself was very extensive and the examinations most thorough, yet Mr. Mitterling has the credit of sustaining throughout the course an average of ninety-seven and four-fifth per cent., this being the highest general average reached by any one in the history of that University.

In the notification letter the president spoke in strong complimentary terms of his work, and the institution holds Dr. Mitterling in high esteem. An evidence of this is the fact that, since graduation he has been offered a professorship in Ethics and Homiletics, which, preferring the active ministry, he declined.

Dr. Mitterling's first pastorate was at Navarre and Beach City, Ohio. Here he labored for three years, during which time a splendid church was erected and the membership doubled. In the second field one hundred and eighty-four persons were received into the church through a revival. Upon unsolicited recommendation the Doctor was secured by the church at Lagrange, Ind., to bring about a revival in church activity in which other pastors had failed, and in less than six months the object was attained, the membership of the church having been doubled through another great revival. The Doctor has always been eminently successful in church revival work.

During his pastorate at Lagrange he was united in marriage to Miss Laura Norris, a lady whose efficient church work is widely known and greatly appreciated in the Presbyterian church.

In 1895 Dr. Mitterling entered the ministry of the Presbyterian church by a unanimous vote of the Presbytery. At the solicitation of the Home Mission Board he assumed charge of a mission church at Coleman, Mich. Here he organized a second church, erected a fine building and increased the membership four-fold.

At present he is pastor of the Presbyterian church in the city of Centerville, Iowa. This congregation is one of the old, substantial organizations of the southern part of the state.

(Continued on foot of fifth column.)

INCIDENTS OF 1877.

Local Items Taken from the Centre Reporter of Interest to 1906 Readers.

[*Note: The spelling of proper names is the same as found in the files of the Reporter.*]

FEBRUARY 1—Prof. G. W. Fortney advertises that an "Academic Institute" will open in Centre Hall, April 1st.

FEBRUARY 8—The Red Mill has been opened by H. Breon.

Horace G. Stover, of Aaronsburg, was admitted to practice as an attorney at law in the circuit court, Versailles, Missouri.

A. S. Kerlin has become traveling agent for the Mann Axe Factory, near Lewistown, and is now in the south.

Mrs. Funk, wife of John Funk, of Penn township, fell upon the ice, breaking one of her legs.

FEBRUARY 15—William Kerlin, of Milesburg, has rented Duncan's mill, at Spring Mills; Mr. Osman, the present miller, goes to Stone Mill.

The cars on the branch run up as far as Paddy Mountain.

R. H. Duncan sold his store house at Spring Mills to Israel Grenoble for $4000. Mr. Grenoble intends moving his store into it.

Almost within a weeks time three of the oldest and wealthiest citizens of Potter township were called away by the messenger of death. Samuel Houston, one of the early inhabitants of this valley, died on the 7th, aged eighty-nine years. On last Saturday evening occurred the death of William Allison, Sr., of Potters Mills, aged eighty-four years, and about the same hour Peter Ruble died. The latter's age was seventy-four years.

Mrs. Hamill, wife of Rev. Dr. Hamill, of Oak Hall, died on the 14th.

George B. Harpster, for many years a resident of Centre Hall, died at Cedarville, Ill.

Joseph K. Shirk, formerly of this locality but now of Milroy, intends moving to Texas this spring. Aaron Rishel, of Centre Hill, and Oliver Perry Rearick, of Potters Mills, intend moving to Missouri.

General Buchanan, of Penn Hall, is prostrated from a paralytic stroke.

MARCH 1—Samuel Wilson, of Harris township, intends moving to Virginia.

Zeb. Krise, of Centre Hill, purchased the Howard Harkins property, in this place.

The Penns Valley Banking Company intends erecting a three story building the coming summer. The present stockholders in the bank are General James A. Beaver, J. P. Harris, William Wolf and Daniel Hess.

MARCH 8—D. W. Zerby was awarded the contract for the new Plumgrove school house. The structure will be of brick, contract price $1048.

Michael Strohm has become proprietor of the Centre Hill store.

L. B. McEntire intends removing his store from Potters Mills to Fillmore.

George Stover, of Centre Hill, intends moving to Missouri.

Married—January 3, Hayes Solt and Miss L. Zerby, both of Gregg township . . . January 14, A. M. Neidigh, of Haines township, and Miss Mary M. Beck, of Gregg township . . . January 18, Peter Kreider, of Harrisburg, and Miss Lizzie Spangler, of Harrisburg, formerly of Rebersburg . . . December 31, 1876, Samuel Frank and Miss Sarah Zeigler, both of Schrack. town . . . January 7, Isaac Bartholomew and Miss Eliza Confer, both of Logansville . . . January 14, John Bailey, of Nittany Valley, and Miss Rebecca Condo, of Brush Valley . . . January 18, Alfred H. Weaver and Miss Angeline Catherman . . . January 25, George F. Miller and Miss Alice S. Howard, both of Ferguson township . . . January 25, Jared Mowery, of Penn township, and Miss Elizabeth Bailey, of Penn Hall . . . January 30, M. C. Stover, of Brush Valley, and Miss Kate Nees, of Farmers Mills . . . August 28, 1876, J. Q. A. Kennedy, of Lemont, and Miss Mary Glenn, of Renovo . . . February 6, John A. Hoover and Miss Susan A. Poorman, both of Benner township . . January 23, John Hahne, of Selinsgrove, and Mrs. Maggie Smith, of Mifflinburg, daughter of Isaac Stover, of Aaronsburg . . . February 15, Charles Bower and Miss Julia A. Musser, both of Aaronsburg . . . February 22, Michael Shires and Miss Vienna McCormick, both of Potters Mills.

Success is apt to turn a man's head, even when he has a stiff neck.

Missionary Meeting.

Mrs. John Gillespie, Field Secretary of the Presbyterian Woman's Board of Foreign Missions, is making a tour of the churches of Huntingdon Presbytery, and will be in Centre Hall on Easter Sunday, April 15th, and will talk on missions in the Presbyterian church on that day, probably in the evening. Although Mrs. Gillespie is not herself a missionary, her late husband was for many years one of the Foreign Missionary Secretaries of the Presbyterian church, and she was with him when he made a tour of the mission fields. It will thus be seen that she has had unusual opportunities to become acquainted with mission work. She comes highly recommended, and will doubtless interest and instruct not only Presbyterians but also the members of other churches and the general public, to whom a cordial invitation is extended.

Commencement at Millheim.

The Millheim High School will hold its regular commencement exercises Tuesday evening, April 3rd. The graduating class is composed of the following ladies and gentlemen: Helen M. Kister, J. Mae Musser, M. Helen Crawford, Sara I. Kessler, Wm. N. Duck, Paul J. Smith, Bruce M. Stover, Harry F. Shires, Paul Musser.

The very appropriate class motto is "Thoughtful of the future"; class colors, garnet and orange.

Prof. C. R. Neff is principal of the Millheim High School, and it may be safely said that none of these young people will charge Mr. Neff with neglect nor in any way hold him responsible for any lack of preparation (if any exists) for this event.

Duped Wife-Hunters.

A woman signing her name "Mrs. L. Patterson," of Lewistown, until recently was doing a profitable matrimonial business. She corresponded with a number of men in various sections of the United States, and in a number of cases secured advances of from $5.00 to $35.00 for clothing and traveling expenses. She passed off as a niece of a minister, Joseph Shirk, and the dupes were led to believe that they were about to be yoked to the very personification of the Christian virtues.

Her real name is Shirk, and she is about forty years old. She is now held for her appearance at the May term of the U. S. Court, at Harrisburg, for using the mails for fradulent purposes.

McManaway Store Sold.

Harry F. McManaway, the popular young merchant at Wolfs Store, sold his mercantile business and stock to Samuel L. Gephart, of Rebersburg, who now has charge of the store.

Mr. McManaway has accepted a position as traveling salesman for the Capewell Horse-Shoe Nail Company, covering Central Pennsylvania, formerly worked by George Spayd. Mr. McManaway goes to the company's headquarters, at Hartford, Connecticut, Monday, for instructions. His family will reside in Millheim, to which place they moved last week.

Says Peaches are Frozen.

Ivy W. Bartges risks his reputation by predicting that the peach crop, in this section, is doomed—frozen. He claims there has been a "fog frost," and that close examination will not reveal a good peach bud. The wood is not hurt. Plums are also frozen, according to Mr. Bartges' judgment. About twenty per cent. of the cherry buds are promising. Apples, quinces and pears are in good condition.

Card of Thanks.

Howard Slabig and Miss Jennie Slabig, of Potters Mills, take this method of thanking their friends who so kindly assisted them during the last illness and death of their mother, Mrs. Maria Slabig.

(Continued from third column.)

During his entire ministry Dr. Mitterling has to his credit an average of thirty-five additions to the church for each years' work—certainly an excellent showing. He is regarded as a strong, logical and fluent speaker, holding his audiences throughout his discourses with unusual attention. Many of his addresses are published by local papers.

He is, moreover, frequently sought for addresses on public occasions of local importance. A recent address on "Our Public Schools" was so favorably received that it was published in its entirety and widely circulated by the papers of the city.

The Doctor is a comparatively young man yet and has before him the prospect of years of continued usefulness, which, judging from the past, one may safely conclude will be spent to his continued credit.

Some fellows blow themselves every time they can raise the wind.

TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS.

HAPPENINGS OF LOCAL INTEREST FROM ALL PARTS.

William J. Krape was appointed postmaster at Aaronsburg.

Friday night made a good record for March. Mercury fell to five degrees below zero.

Tom Harter's boom for postmaster was launched by the Gazette in its last issue.

Lewistown will vote on the question whether the borough shall borrow $50,000 for street improvements.

Iceman Boozer harvested a four-inch crop of ice Thursday. All the demands for ice have been supplied in these quarters.

A jury awarded the Watsontown Door and Sash Company $30,000 damages for the destruction of their plant by fire.

Dr. Brown A. Bigelow, a well known resident of Belleville, died at his home Wednesday night of last week after a protracted illness.

Friday evening a four act drama, "Uncle Rube," will be presented in Boal's Hall, Boalsburg, by the High School of that place.

The Northern Conference of the Central Pennsylvania Synod of the Evangelical Lutheran church, will meet at Penn Hall, May 7th.

The agriculturalist is anticipating beneficial results to the wheat plants on account of the great depth of the snow blanket now covering the fields.

Harry E. Bible, who clerks for M. P. Brumbaugh, Altoona, sends the Reporter the Altoona market reports thus: Butter, 36c; eggs, 22c; lard, 12½c.

The ladies of the Reformed Sunday school will give an entertainment in the Reformed church Saturday evening. There will be no admission. All are invited.

According to a recent court decision a man who has a private fish pond is under the same restrictions of the fish laws in taking fish therefrom as he is in taking fish from public waters.

Mrs. W. P. Kuhn, prior to leaving Bellefonte for her new home in Williamsport, spent a few days visiting Mrs. Andrew Gregg, in Centre Hall, and Merchant and Mrs. Mervin Kuhn, in Rebersburg.

Mrs. Lucy Henney left for Philadelphia Monday, and will be absent for two weeks. While in the city she will buy her stock of spring millinery goods. The opening days will be April 12th and 13th.

Rev. W. K. Foster was formally installed pastor of the Grace Memorial Presbyterian church in Jenkintown, Thursday evening of last week. Rev. Mr. Foster went to that place from Watsontown, and succeeds Rev. Edwin E. Reilly, who resigned.

Miss Edna Murray, one of the Bell telephone operators at the Centre Hall exchange, one evening last week talked over the wire to her brother, Paul Murray, in Chicago. The wires worked splendidly. Direct connection can be made to San Francisco, and one may talk as easily to that place as to Chicago.

The trains east and west were snow bound, several times last week, west of Centre Hall station. Thursday evening the freight and the west bound train were tied up at that point. The section hands along the line were called to the rescue, and by nine o'clock had the trains sheveled out.

Mrs. John McClenahan, nee Miss Hettie Landis, of Potters Mills, Monday morning started for her new home in Mikkleson, Billings county, North Dakota. She will be met at St. Paul by her husband, who at present, and for some years past, has been ranching in North Dakota. Mrs. McClenahan is a bride of a few months, and is going west to begin housekeeping.

The titles of some of the song hits in the Alfred E. Aarons Musical Comedy Company's "The Pink Hussar's," which plays a three weeks' engagement at the Chestnut Street Theatre, Philadelphia, beginning April 2nd, are: "A Little Girl Like Me," "Where the Wild Vine Clings," "Military Willie," "Mary Ann," "I'll Travel the Links With You," "The Girl From Illinois," "Call Around on Sunday." The company, which numbers over seventy people, will carry its own orchestra.

From the Mifflinburg Telegraph: Ed. L. Bartholomew, who for the past year has been on the clerical force at the Pennsylvania station at this place, has been transferred to Montgomery. We are sorry to see him leave, but congratulate him on his promotion. During his stay here he proved an efficient and courteous clerk, performing his duties very satisfactorily to the public, as well as the Company. He leaves behind a host of friends who wish him success and feel confident he will succeed, for his manly qualities will win friends for him wherever he goes.

THE FILIPINOS ARE TREACHEROUS

Details of the Battle With the Constabulary.

WERE POSING BEFORE CAMERA.

Natives Pretended They Wanted to Surrender and Ask to Have a Picture Taken of Themselves, But When They Were Posed Before the Camera, a Whistle Was Blown and They Rushed Upon the Constabulary.

Manila, (By Cable).—According to advices received here, the recent fight at Magtaon, Samar, between the constabulary and Pulajanes was the result of base treachery on the part of the natives. As a result of the fight, 30 Pulajanes were killed and 16 of the constabulary were killed and wounded.

A dispatch received from Captain Jones, of the constabulary at Magtaon, says that on March 23, Governor Curry, Judge Lobinger and Superintendent of Schools Hoover, arrived here and camped over night near the Pulajanes. The presence of the official was made known to the rebellious natives, and their leader announced that he would surrender his force the next day.

As a result of this promise the Americans returned to the town of Magtaon, accompanied by Colonel Aguilar, a Pulajane chief.

The next day (Saturday) four chiefs of the Pulajanes, with over 100 men and 14 guns, appeared at Magtaon and lined up in front of the constabulary barricks. Between the barricks and the Pulajanes stood the group of American officials.

One of the chiefs expressed a wish that his party be photographed in the act of surrendering, and Superintendent Hoover, in compliance with the request, was adjusting his camera, when the Pulajanes' leader blew a whistle and gave an order to advance. The entire party of natives thereupon rushed upon the American officials, who escaped to the Magtaon River and swam to the opposite bank.

When the treachery of the natives was apparent the constabulary immediately opened fire and a fierce fight ensued, in which the constabulary gained a decisive victory. The Pulajanes were chased to the mountains, but the pursuers lost more guns than they captured.

The American officials were later found with the exception of Governor Curry. He was last seen being chased by Pulajanes, and it is now believed he is hiding in the dense brush in that locality.

Three hundred constabulary are now on the trail of the fugitive natives and searching for Governor Curry.

"SCOTTY" PLACED UNDER ARREST.

Accused of Ambushing a Party He Was Conducting to His Alleged Mine.

San Francisco, Cal., (Special)—"Scotty," the Death Valley miner, who has been in the limelight because of a rapid trip across the country on the Santa Fe and his stories of a fabulously rich mine in the desert, was arrested here on a warrant from San Bernandino charging him with being concerned in the shooting of his brother Warren and ambushing a party of Boston mining men, with a mining expert, while he was acting as their guide.

"Scotty" secured bail after being in jail about four hours, and appeared at the Grand Opera House in a melodrama. Monday he must answer the charge made against him at San Bernandino.

"Scotty's" brother and another member of the party declare that "Scotty" arranged the ambush at Wingate Pass and that it was planned to shoot the mining expert. In the confusion Warren Scott received a dangerous wound through the thigh and will not be out for several weeks.

The theory of the Boston men is that "Scotty" did not want the expert to investigate his mine and hence devised this ambuscade to frighten the party off.

Coffin Too Big For Door.

Wilmington, Del., (Special).—In order that the body of Mrs. Johanna Worth, a well-known woman who weighed more than 400 pounds, could be removed from her home, 1134 Walnut Street here, it was necessary to tear away a part of the front of the building. The coffin was so missive that it was impossible to take it through any of the doors or windows. A number of the mourners secured picks and finally made a hole large enough in the wall to permit the coffin to be removed and put in the hearse.

Miss Anthony Honored.

New York (Special).—Mrs. Carrie Chapman Catt presided at a meeting of appreciation of the life and work of the late Susan B. Anthony, held in the Hudson Theater, and attended by several hundred women. The meeting was under the auspices of the Interurban Political Equality Council of New York. Mrs. Lillie Devereaux Blake spoke of "Miss Anthony and the Civil Right of Women;" W. M. Ivins, the Republican nominee for the New York mayoralty last fall, read an address on "Miss Anthony, the Reformer."

Blew Himself Up.

Hazleton, Pa., (Special).—Herman Reckling, of West Hazleton, committed suicide in a horrible manner. He tied a stick of dynamite about his neck and struck it with a hammer. Reckling's head was torn into shreds.

Mock Hanging For a Boy.

Corning, N. Y., (Special).—A special from Coudersport, Pa., says that in imitation of the recent hanging of Charles Brewster of Coudersport two schoolboys of West Branch hanged Eddie Bentley, their schoolmate, to the bell rope of a schoolhouse in West Branch while "playing sheriff." He was unconscious when cut down by his teacher and a physician said he barely escaped with his life. Clarence Campbell and Glenn Hults are accused of the hanging.

LATEST NEWS IN SHORT ORDER

DOMESTIC

Justice O'Sullivan, of General Sessions, states that if intent to fraud is shown in the insurance contributions to campaign funds, officials of the companies are guilty of laceny.

The Mutual Life Insurance Company has taken action to recover $3,370,341.60, with interest, alleged to have been expended by former President Richard A. McCurdy.

The Intersate Commerce Commission heard evidence in New York regarding underbilling and misrepresentation of freight by shippers.

Edward Pullman, watchman of the Knapp Bank at Rochester, N. Y., was shot to death by burglars he surprised in the bank.

The Western Pacific Railroad has concluded the purchase of extensive terminal facilities in San Francisco to cost about $7,000,000.

The Peary Arctic Club dispatched its annual mail to Commander Peary, the explorer, now in the Arctic regions.

Miss Grace Zillner, aged 28, was shot and killed at Mansfield, O., by Roy Shanks, who then committed suicide.

A large power-house of the Philadelphia Rapid Transit Company in that city was burned. Loss, $175,000.

Major David Price, on trial by court-martial in New York, declared that the total abstinence pledge exacted from him in 1903 by an army examining board was absolutely illegal.

Rev. John S. Cheek, of the First Baptist Church, of Paducah, died from pneumonia, which resulted from the strain and excitement of revival services.

The Grand Lodge officers of the Ancient Order of United Workmen decided to temporarily raise the rates of members over 55 years of age.

George P. Brock, former cashier of the Doylestown (Pa.) National Bank, was convicted of misapplying the funds of the institution.

The Union Depot of the Chesapeake and Ohio and the Louisville and Nashville Railway Companies, at Winchester, Ky., burned.

Hattie Warren, a white woman, in testifying against Robert Spriggs, colored, in New York, said she had been kept a white slave behind bars in a negro resort for five months.

Judge Andrew Hamilton declines to testify before the Fowler committee of the New York Life Insurance Company, but agrees to meet them before a public tribunal.

President Roosevelt has decided that he cannot interfere in the deportation of two deserters from the Russian Navy at San Francisco.

Prof. William MacDonald, of Brown University, declares that the proposed railroad rate legislation is a step forward in socialism.

The New York Central and Hudson River Railroad Company plans to increase its capital stock from $150,000,000 to $250,000,000.

Elmer Prutzman, aged 21 years, was found dead at the door of the home of his sweetheart, Mabel Treat, in Reading, Pa.

George F. Baer, chairman of the committee of seven of the anthracite operators, has addressed a letter to John Mitchell, president of the United Mineworkers, acepting Mr. Mitchell's proposition to have another conference.

Attorney General Moody closed his argument in the packers' case at Chicago, and vigorously attacked the immunity plea.

Twelve persons were injured by two coaches of a Western Maryland train jumping the track near Hanover, Pa.

Mrs. Anna C. Bell Hoffecker, an authoress, died at Ocean Grove, N. J., at the age of 86.

FOREIGN

Despite the order of Interior Minister Durnovo prohibiting the celebration of masses in Russia for the repose of the soul of Lieutenant Schmidt, the Sebastopol munity leader, requiems are being held secretly.

Russian government repressive measures are only increasing the crime and lawlessness throughout the country. Everywhere the revolutionists are fighting their oppressors with bombs and revolvers.

A launch owned by the Standard Oil Company was seized and looted by pirates near Canton. The United States gunboat Callao is proceeding to the scene.

Sessions of the Moroccan conference was postponed until today. The American suggestion regarding a mixed police force will not be pressed.

The Czar, Premier Witte and other members of the Russian ministry have been enlisted in the great project of the American-Transalaskan-Siberian Company for the consruction of a tunnel under Bering Strait and 3,000 miles of railway to connect it with the Siberian Railway.

The heroizing of Lieutenant Schmidt, who was shot for leading the mutiny in Sebastopol, is increasing, and Russian revolutionists are raising funds to erect a monument to his memory.

The Austrian Foreign Office considers the announcement that Bellamy Storer ceased his connection with the United States ambassador on March 19 as a most unusual proceeding.

A supposed French spy was arrested at Essen, Germany, for offering a soldier money for a plan of the mobilization in the Essen district.

The battleship Oregon, which arrived at Honolulu, is reported to have developed structural weakness and her big guns will not be fired.

Eight out of 13 soldiers condemned to death at Bobriusk, Province of Minsk, for mutiny has escaped with the aid of revolutionists.

Bandits who looted the Credit Mutual, a large Moscow bank, of $432,500 used bombs to intimidate the bank employes.

It is stated that former Ambassador Bellamy Storer will take up his permanent residence in France.

Christian Hauge, recently charge d'affaires of Norway at Washington, has been appointed minister.

King Alfonso has reappointed the Moret ministry, which has consented to continue in office.

Three French army officers, who refused to order their troops to enter a church at Rennes and assist in an inventory, have been retired.

A bill to place British and foreign ships on the same footing was offered in the British Parliament.

$1,480,000 FOR THE JAMESTOWN FAIR

Appropriation Recommended By the House Committee.

$200,000 FOR THE ARMY AND NAVY.

Direct Appropriation of $250,000 and $400,000 for a Pier at the Exposition—Two Hundred and Fifty Thousand Dollars for Government Buildings—$100,000 for the Negro Exhibit.

Washington, D. C., (Special).—The House Committee on Industrial Arts and Expositions decided to recommend a total appropriation of $1,480,000 for the Jamestown Exposition. Of this sum $250,000 is a direct appropriation. The Exposition sought a direct appropriation of $1,000,000.

For the construction of a pier at the Exposition grounds $400,000 was approved, and other items were agreed upon as follows:

Government buildings, $250,000; government exhibits, $200,000; rendezvous for army and naval officers, $80,000; rendezvous for enlisted men, $100,000; transportation of soldiers and arms, $100,000; for an exhibit of negro development, $100,000.

The proposed appropriation of $40,000 sought for building a pier at Jamestown Island and improving the island was referred to a subcommittee, which will investigate what rights the government will have on the island, which is owned chiefly by private parties. In case the government can improve the island on satisfactory terms this appropriation, doubtless will be agreed upon.

Under the head of government buildings as agreed upon there are to be the following:

Main government building, colonies annex, aquarium, Geological Survey building and life-saving station.

The exhibits, for which the government is to expend $200,000, will include:

Life-saving, public health and Marine Hospital Service, army, navy and lighthouse, wireless telegraphy, fisheries, Smithsonian Institute, National Museum and Library of Congress.

MEN ENTOMED IN COAL MINE.

Explosion Wrecks Shaw Bros.' Century Colliery—Ten Dead.

Fairmont, W. Va., (Special).—Ten men are known to be dead, 25 injured and from 25 to 75 missing and believed to be dead as the result of an explosion of gas in the shaft of the Century Coal Company at Century, a small mining town situated 50 miles south of Fairmont, on the Bellington and Buckhannon Branch of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad.

The explosion took place at 4.30 P. M.,

The Century Mine, which is owned by Shaw brothers, of Baltimore, Md., in one of the largest independent operations in Northern West Virginia. Over 250 men are employed daily in the shaft, and had the explosion been an hour earlier the loss of life would have been appalling. As it was there were but a few remaining in the shaft, the main body of the miners having quit work for the day. The giant fan, which furnishes air for the shaft, was partially wrecked by the force of the explosion, but was repaired immediately, and within an hour after the accident Superintendent James Ward had a relief gang in the mine.

The first trip out brought 10 men—5 dead and 5 badly burned. They were found in the main heading, near the bottom of the shaft. The living could give no details of the explosion, saying that they were on their way to the surface when the explosion took place behind them.

A second expedition immediately went down and explored the main heading, which was found to be uninjured by the explosion, except that the brattices were blown out.

Four more bodies were found in this heading, and 20 injured men were making their way toward the bottom of the shaft and were brought to the surface by the rescuers.

Immediately following the explosion the officials began a house-to-house canvass to ascertain the number of men to be found on the surface. This resulted in 160 miners being found who had come out previous to the explosion. It is believed that there are many more outside who have not yet been accounted for. If this is true, there are still 75 men in the mine, with little hope of their being alive.

NINE ARE SHOT BY MANIAC.

Barricades House, Sets It Afire and Finally Ends Life With Pistol.

Brooklyn, Md. (Special).—Walter Potee, a laborer and son of the late George H. Potee, a former county commissioner and well-known Democratic politician, living on First Avenue, opposite the Walnut Springs Hotel, in Brooklyn, Anne Arundel County, ran amuck Friday, and after shooting nine persons, set fire to the home of his brother, and then shooting himself through the heart, ended a day that had been terrorizing to the residents of the village.

His dead body was later dragged out of the burning house by members of the county and city fire departments, the latter having been summoned to the scene by telephone.

Potee was unqestionably insane, and had been in that condition for some months, as a result of an attack of typhoid fever. The tragic events transpired while the body of John Potee, Jr., son of Mr. John Potee, the brother of the maniac, lay in a casket in the parlor of the little home.

Measles Ruled Ship.

Philadelphia (Special).—An epidemic of measles was prevalentin the American Line steamship Haverford, which arrived here from Liverpool and Queenstown. Of the 890 steerage passengers aboard 200 were children, and a large number of them were sick with measles during the voyage. There were nine cases of the disease when the vessel reached port, and the patients were transferred to the Municipal Hospital here. One child died of convulsions during the trip and was buried at sea.

LIVE WASHINGTON AFFAIRS.

2,699 Veterans Dead.

During the month of February, according to a report issued by Commissioner of Pensions Warner, the names of 2,699 Civil War soldiers were dropped from the pension rolls because of death. The net decrease, however, in the number of Civil War soldier pensioners was only 1,603, there being 1,096 added to the rolls during the month. The total number of Civil War soldiers on the pension rolls February 28 was 673,935.

The total number of persons who were drawing pensions from the Government on account of service in the different wars on January 31, 1906, was 993,237, and February 28 the number was decreased to 991,907, a net decrease of 1,330.

The complete loss to the roll during the month was 4,211. Of these 3,901 were by death, 74 by remarriage, 118 by legal limitation, 80 by failure to claim and 38 by other causes.

Affects Retired Generals?

Inspection at the War Department of the bill abolishing the grade of lieutenant-general of the army after October 12 next, which has passed the House, makes it appear to the officials that as it stands the bill, though intended to wipe out this rank only after that date, would really relegate the grade of major-general on the retired list, or perhaps drop out of the army General Miles, Young, Chaffee, Bates, Corbin and MacArthur.

This would follow from the failure of the House to limit the proposed abolition to officers on the active list.

Manufacturers of Boston.

A bulletin issued gives statistics for the manufacturing industries of Boston for 1904, as follows: Establishments, 2,740, a decrease since 1900; salaried officials, clerks, etc., 9,428, an increase of 23 per cent. over 1900; salaries, $10,464,168, an increase of 28 per cent.; average number of wage earners, 59,160, an increase of 11 per cent.; wages paid, $31,873,185, an increase of 13 per cent.; total cost of materials used, $49,602,913, an increase of 15 per cent.; value of products, $184,351,163, an increase of 13 per cent.

More Pay For Retired Officers.

The House Committee on Naval Affairs made a favorable report on the Meyer bill providing that retired officers of the navy ordered to active duty shall have the rank, pay and allowance of officers on the active list of like length of active service. If the retired officers be actively employed for three years after their retirement they shall, when detached from duty, retain the rank and highest retired pay of the grade they then hold.

President Vetoes Texas Bill.

President Roosevelt submitted a message to the House vetoing a bill passed by Congress for the creation of a new division of the western judicial district of Texas, comprising the counties of Uvalde, Zavalla, Maverick, Kinney, Valverde, Terrell and Pecos. The President says the proposed division does not have enough cases to justify its establishment.

Bill Bars Jap Fishermen.

The House Committee on Territories decided to make a favorable report on two bills by Representative Cushman, of Washington, regulating fishing in Alaska. One bill prevents aliens from fishing in Alaskan waters, and is said to be aimed especially at the Japanese. The other bill makes general provisions for the regulation of salmon fishing in Alaskan waters.

Wants More Life Preservers.

Representative Sulzer, of New York, introduced a bill providing that all vessels in interestate service shall be equipped with life preservers attached to chairs. The number of passengers is never to exceed the number of chairs.

President Roosevelt, in an address to the Keep Commission, said he wanted to correct the tendency toward bureaucratic methods in the government department, and he desired recommendations for correcting evils by executive regulations, rather than by legislation.

President Roosevelt has written to Frank Morrison, secretary of the Federation of Labor, that he has issued instruction to investigate all complaints of violations of the eight-hour law in the government service.

After a three-day session, the American delegates to the third Pan-American conference, to be held at Rio next July, have adjourned, subject to the call of Secretary Dean.

The Statehood Bill was taken from the Speaker's table and placed in charge of three selected conferees by the House, the insurgents being again beaten.

Plans have been arranged for the laying of the cornerstone of the new office building for the members of the House of Representatives on April 7.

The Senate committee authorized a favorable report on the bill to incorporate the Lake Erie and Ohio River Ship Canal.

The government attorneys are trying to find a way to carry the decision in the packers' case to the Supreme Court.

Secretary Bonaparte, before the House Committee on Naval Affairs, urged the construction of big battleships.

The United States Supreme Court has decided to investigate the recent lynching in Chattanooga, Tenn.

Secretary Bonaparte was before the House Committee on Naval Affairs to advocate the construction of a drydock at Solomon's Island.

The Senate committee made a favorable report on the bill to increase the efficincy of the militia.

President Gompers and the executive council of the American Federation of Labor submitted a list of labor's grievances to the President, the president pro tem. of the Senate and the Speaker of the House.

Governor General Ide, of the Philippines, sent a cablegram, saying sensational stories about Mount Dajo slaughter was false and that the troops deserve the highest praise for their heroism in putting an end to that gang of cutthroats.

AS INDIVIDUALS PACKERS IMMUNE

But the Indictments Against the Corporations Stand.

THE BEEF MEN WERE COERCED.

Judge Humphrey Holds That Persons Charged With Combination in Packing Industry Are Not Liable to Punishment on Evidence in Hand, as It Was Given Against Themselves, Not Voluntarily.

Chicago (Special).—All the meat packers who were indicted by a federal grand jury last summer on charges of conspiracy in restraint of interstate trade and commerce were granted immunity from criminal prosecution under the indictment. While the individuals are to go free the indictments found against the corporations of which some of the indicted packers are members and others are employes are to stand.

A decision to this effect was handed down by Judge J. Otis Humphrey, in the United States District Court. The arguments in the case were concluded late in the afternoon, and Judge Humphrey at once commenced the delivery of his oral opinion.

Judge Humphrey spoke for nearly an hour before indicating what the ultimate decision would be. He reviewed the case at length in all its bearings, cited all the essential facts which had been brought out and concluded as follows:

"Under the law in this case the immunity pleas filed by the defendants will be sustained as to the individuals and denied to the corporations, and the jury will find in favor of the government as far as the corporations are concerned and against the government as far as the individuals are concerned."

During the rendition of the decision the court was crowded by defendants and numerous spectators. Edward Morris and Edward Swift were in court, and both smiled happily when the decision was announced. J. Ogden Armour was not present, but some men prominent in the employment of Armor & Co., who were under indictment were there, and their joy was great. When the Judge announced that the indictments would not lie against them the defendants crowded together and commenced to shake hands.

The attorneys for the defendants also shook hands all around and then hastened to the jury box to shake hands with the jurors, who had been excluded from the courtroom during all of the arguments made in the case and who returned a verdict in accordance with the directions of the court.

District Attorney Morrison, who has handled the case alone, with the exception of the argument by Attorney General Moody, sat with bowed head for a short time after Judge Humphrey had concluded, and then walked over to the jury box and also shook hands with the jurors.

Immediately following the dismissal of the jury, District Attorney Morrison raised the question of the date for the trial of the corporations. He asked that the case be set for trial, and that it commence within two weeks. This met with a storm of protest from the attorneys of the packers, who insisted that they would be unable to prepare for the case before fall, pleading the number of witnesses which it would be necessary to bring to Chicago, the strain of the present trial, and various other reasons.

Mrs. Whitney, Authoress, Dead.

New York (Special).—Mrs. Adeline Dutton Train Whitney, formerly well known as a writer of books for girls, died at her home, in Milton, Mass. She was 81 years old; a daughter of Enoch Train, founder of a line of packet ships between Boston and Liverpool, and a sister of George Francis Train. Most of her literary work was done between 1857 and 1870. She was a contributor to the Atlantic Monthly, Our Young Folks, Old and New and other magazines. Some of her best known books are the following: "Mother Goose for Grown Folks," "Boys at Chequassett," "Faith Gartney's Girlhood."

To Double Cotton Crop.

Washington, D. C. (Special).—Following a series of experiments extending over several years the Bureau of Plant Industry, Department of Agriculture, announced it had developed a number of new breeds of cotton, seed of which are ready to be sent out for the next season's planting, which the bureau claims promise to almost double the value of the cotton crop wherever they are used. These new cottons have been bred from the native and short staple upland variety and are from a half to three-quarters of an inch longer in fiber than cotton grown from the parent seeds.

Press Button and Vote.

St. Petersburg (By Cable)—The seats to be occupied by members of the National Assembly in the Tauride Palace here have been equipped with electrical apparatus similar to the system proposed several years ago for use in the House of Representatives, at Washington, by which the members press buttons and register their votes at the clerk's desk, thus avoiding the delays of roll calls.

Johann Most Cremated.

Cincinnati, O., (Special).—The body of Johann Most was cremated in this city. There was no religious ceremony, but some of Most's comrades delivered brief addresses before the cremation. Mrs. Most will take her husband's ashes to New York at once, and the memorial meeting is to be held there in a few days.

FINANCIAL.

The four retiring directors of the Pennsylvania have been renominated for re-election.

The Philadelphia Company's gross earnings have increased $226,803 in January and February.

When Missiouri Pacific fell two more points to 93 Gould brokers went in and bought liberally.

Steel gossip is to the effect that the Standard Oil coterie owns 400,000 shares of Amalgamated Copper.

A REVOLUTION IN SEBASTOPOL.

Sailors Mutiny and the City Reported Burning.

St. Petersburg (By Cable).—Most sensational reports are current that the execution of former Lieutenant Schmidt, which has made a deep impression throughout Russia, has been followed by an extensive mutiny of sailors at Sebastopol, the massacre of their officers and firing by the fortress upon the city. The truth of the story is doubted, this being the "psychological moment" for the appearance of such wild reports. No press dispatches confirming the story have been received, but if the report should prove to be true the absence of these might be accounted for by the imposition of a censorship.

The alleged news came in the form of two cipher telegrams to a prominent member of the Social Revolutionary party, such as the revolutionaries have sometimes been able to transmit through accomplices in the telegraph offices when the public, and even the government has been unable to communicate.

As translated and displayed at the offices of radical newspapers here, the telegrams say briefly that the sailors, infuriated by the refusal of Emperor Nicholas to pardon Lieutenant Schmidt and their fellow-sailors, rose in their barracks and seized and imprisoned the majority of their officers. The dispatches add that the city of Sebastopol is almost entirely in flames.

It is also stated that a student at the Technological Institute has received a similar telegram.

The admiralty affects ignorance as to the occurrence of any such affair. The papers, in view of the menace of the new press law, which provides that they may be closed up for spreading false reports affecting the army or navy are afraid to take chances by publishing the story tomorrow.

Schmidt, Hero of Revolution.

St. Petersburg, (By Cable).—Lieutenant Schmidt, leader of the naval revolt at Sebastopol in November last, who was tried by court-martial and shot near Otchakoff fortress, South Russia, with three sailors sentenced to death for mutiny, is being made a hero and a martyr by the revolutionists. The boys of the St. Petersburg gymnasium struck in order to compel the offering up of prayers in school for the repose of the soul of the Lieutenant.

The Russ prints a detailed account of the execution, from which it appears that when Schmidt received the news that the authorities had refused to commute the death penalty he wept for the three sailors, his companions, saying they were so young and honest and he would prefer to die alone. The condemned men were taken to the small deserted island of Borian and were shot at sunrise Schmidt addressed his executioners, 6c sailors of the cruiser Teretz, saying:

"I die for the Russian people and the fatherland, and many of you, doubtless, will hereafter share my death for the same cause."

Schmidt refused to accept the sacrament and asked not to be blindfolded. He met his death with head up and eyes open. The firing party was stationed at a distance of 50 paces. Two of the sailors were killed at the first volley and one more at the third. Schmidt did not fall until the fourth volley.

TWO BIG BATTLESHIPS.

Our New Fighting Monsters May Surpass the Dreadnaught.

Washington (Special).—The American Navy is to have two new battleships of the first class, the Michigan and the South Carolina, either of which, it is positively asserted by the naval experts here who know the plans, is as powerful, if not more so, than the famous new British battleship Dreadnaught, which was recently launched, and which the British claim to be the most powerful fighting craft afloat. The plans and specifications for the Michigan and South Carolina, which will be sister ships, were drawn and advertisement will soon be made for bids for their construction. The bids will be opened June 2.

Following the policy of the English Admiralty, the Navy Department has placed a seal of secrecy upon the specifications of the two new battleships, and it is intended that when the vessels shall have been completed the details of their construction shall be as great a mystery as those of the Dreadnaught, accurate information of which has been exceedingly difficult to obtain.

It Worries the British.

London (By Cable).—The American Ship Subsidy Bill is agitating British shipowners and builders and formed the subject of a question in the House of Commons, but Premier Campbell-Bannerman said the government did not think any useful action could be taken at the present stage. The government was unable to prophesy the probable effect of the measure on British shipping, but if the bill passed the consequences would, of course, be carefully considered.

Miners Assessed 20 Cents a Week

Pittsburg, Pa., (Special).—Telegrams received here from Indianapolis stated that John Mitchell, president of the United Mineworkers, had decided upon an assessment of 20 cents a week for the local miners, to be used in case a strike is called April 1. Some months ago the miners were assessed 10 cents a week for a strike fund, but the order was effective but one month. The miners of the local district do not regard this as a indication that there will be a strike.

College Professor Attempts Suicide

Minneapolis, Minn., (Special).—Arthur Upson, acting professor of English literature at the University of Minnesota and author of a book of verse, attempted suicide by leaping from the Tenth Avenue bridge, 100 feet into the Mississippi. He was rescued, but his recovery is doubtful. His suicide attempt, his friends suspect is due to a recurrence of a severe nervous malady, suffered two years ago.

Evenfall.

Come, heap the logs, and send the blaze up higher,
And make good cheer about the roaring fire—
Nay, but the bluebird's here! Or, stay, I think
I heard the laughing of the bobolink!
Was that the ash upon a coal took shape,
Or is 't the blue bloom of a pulpy grape?
Within my chimney-corner's happy gleam
A cloud of wizard sprites the seasons seem,
And all the year a many-colored dream!

Can I mistake, or was 't but yester eve
I saw the firefly-dance the fairies weave?
Was it this morn that from his sphere of flame
Love stooped, deific, uttering my name?
Surely no music or of flute or bird
Like the child's voice this afternoon I heard!
Through what meridians of light you fare,
Oh, lovely Life, and through what stress you bear
My wondering soul to this serener air!

—Harriet Prescott Spofford in The Century.

SAVED BY HIS DOG.

Last summer, while on a trip through the White Hills, it chanced one night that, sitting out on the veranda of the modest little hotel that nestled at the foot of a high mountain, the conversation turned upon dogs, and the sagacity they had been known to exhibit on very many occasions.

Among the little group we formed there was an old man, whose home was in the valley some half a mile away. For some time he had taken no part in the conversation, but had puffed away at his pipe with apparent enjoyment.

At length there came a pause in the conversation, and after it had continued for a minute of more, the old gentleman removed the pipe from his lips and gave utterance to the following remarks:

"There isn't a critter living that knows so much as a dog. Leastways, I had one once that knew nigh about as much as a human being. I've seen a good many people in my day who hadn't the common sense he had."

"I don't doubt that you are right," said I. "Dogs know a great deal, and I've seen some people who knew very little. They are about as good friends as we have among the brute creation. There is no creature who will stick by a man like them."

"I know that," he answered. "The one I speak of did as much by me as a man could. He saved my life."

"How was that?" I asked; and in response he told the following story:

"It was in the summer, several years ago," he began. "It was in that year, you know, that the great slides took place among the White Mountains, by which the Willey family were destroyed. The morning on which it happened I left my home, which was down yonder, in the exact spot where I live now, to get to the settlements at Conway. In those days there was no store nearer than there at which we could get the things we needed in the house.

"I was a young man then, and had a wife and two small children. We lived in a stout cabin, about half a mile from my father's, and the only brute things that I owned were a cow and my dog, Nero. It was seldom when I went away that I allowed Nero to go with me. The wild beasts were pretty plenty in those days, and I wanted him to stay and keep them away from the cabin. I was afraid they might venture too close sometime, and carry away my children, who might be playing about the door. But I had little fears of this so long as Nero was there to guard them.

"When I set out that morning he wanted to follow me badly, and I had to speak twice to him before he would remain behind. Sitting on the doorstep, he watched me until I entered the woods and was concealed from his sight. Much as he wanted to go, I had no fears of his following. He knew too much for that. He always seemed to understand almost as well as a human being.

"I went on foot, and all the way down to Conway I could not help looking at the sky. It seemed as though I had never seen it threaten rain so before. The clouds came so low that they covered the mountain tops, and appeared ready to sink down into the very valley itself.

"I got to Conway a little before noon, and hurried to get through with my business as soon as I could. I knew that a fearful storm was close at hand and unless I hurried up I should catch a wetting. Before I was through the rain came down in torrents. The people at the store tried to prevent me from going home, but it was no use. Somehow or other I never felt so worried in my life. My mind was made up that I would go home to Mary and the children if it was possible for me to get there.

"I never saw it rain so before or since as it did that afternoon. Instead of coming down in drops, it seemed to pour by the bucketful. The clouds, which had been low and dense all the forenoon, now sank lower, and as I went onward it seemed that I would soon get to a place where I could touch them with my hand.

"The streams I crossed seemed to rise even as I looked upon them, and before I was half way home, some of the smaller bridges were swept away, and I formed some difficulty in getting across the raging torrents. I knew that the branch stream which crossed the road about half a mile from my house must be rising fast, and I was fearful that the bridge across it would be swept away before I could get safely to the other side. If it was, I knew that it would be impossible for me to reach home, for fording would be out of the question.

"I made the best time I could, and just before nightfall I came in sight of the branch. It was bankful and running like a mill race. Great trees and other driftwood were borne along on its surface as swiftly and easily as though they had been straws.

"The bridge was still there, but it was trembling and insecure, and each moment the angry water threatened to take it along. For a minute I hesitated about crossing, for it seemed that I was tempting fate to do so. But I thought of my wife and children, and of the prospect that the stream might rise enough to sweep my cabin away, and this decided me. Giving a leap, I sprang upon the bridge and landed toward the other side.

"I had not reached the center before I felt it moving beneath my feet. Another instant and it started from its foundation, and was being swept along with terrible swiftness down the stream.

"A human being could not stand the current for a moment, and therefore it was no use for me to leap into it and endeavor to reach the shore. I must go with the raft and share its fate, whatever it might be.

"But it was not long that I was left to cling to it. It struck upon some rocks in the bed of the stream and went to pieces.

"A part of the wreck hung to the rocks, and to this I clung. It saved me from death for that time, but it was only postponing the fatal moment. The fast-rising water would soon dislodge my frail support.

"I was not more than a dozen feet from the bank, to reach which I would have given all I possessed. But no man could withstand the rushing torrent that I was passing through. On the bank one of the planks of the bridge had caught, and I gazed wistfully upon it. It was long enough to bridge the space between me and the shore. If a man was there he could thrust it out to me, and I would be saved.

"Although I felt sure that I should be swept away by the angry flood before any one could succor me, I shouted for help at the top of my voice. I hardly expected to be heard in the howling of the storm, but my voice did reach the ears of a friend.

"In less than three minutes from the time I first cried out, my dog Nero stood upon the bank, looking out at me.

The motion of my frail support warned me that it was going. Was it possible for me to make Nero understand what I wanted? He was strong enough to seize the end of the plank, which was the farthest up the stream, and bring it out to me. I hardly thought I could, but there was nothing like trying. Drowning men, you know, catch at straws.

"The dog stood uttering low whines as though he comprehended my situation. Taking my knife from my pocket I threw it so that it hit the end of the plank. With a bound Nero sprang to the spot, and taking the end of the timber in his mouth, swam boldly out to me.

"It was hardly a moment before the swift current brought the dog and plank within my reach. I caught the end of the plank, and by a great effort raised it upon the timber on which I stood. The other end rested upon the bank. There was not an instant to spare. Springing upon it, I landed over the narrow bridge, with Nero at my heels.

"I was not a moment too soon. My feet had hardly touched the land before the flood carried everything away. Nero had saved my life by a hair's breadth.

"I reached my home in safety. My wife had not heard me call, but the dog had demanded to be let out into the storm, and she had opened the door for him. Had his quick ear not caught his master's voice then, he would never have heard it again.—New York Weekly.

ANIMAL DOUBLES OF HUMANS.

Everybody Said to Resemble Creature of the Lower Life.

"All of us have our counterparts in the animal world," began the man. "Some animal we resemble in manners and looks. Of course the counterpart of many is the ape, the monkey, the baboon. That is only in the order of things; but a lot of people look like birds and animals you see about the house. I have seen women who looked like wrens and behaved like them, little brown, sputtering, chattering, fussy things. And there are others who look like fish. Haven't you seen old maid parrots? I knew an old maid once who looked so much like her parrot you couldn't tell them apart, except that one sat on a perch.

"Go down to little Syria if you want to see people who look like dragons. The heads, I mean. There is one woman there whose head is such a perfect counterpart of the dragon head, square jawed, bulging eyes, flat forehead, you expect her every moment to develop iridescent wings and fly."

"I wish you'd hush," begged the woman. "You have spoiled the looks of every friend I have for me. There's Smith. Since you called him the mouse, it is all I can do to keep from gathering up my skirts, screaming and jumping on a chair whenever he comes around. His ears, the shape of his face. I never saw anybody look more like a mouse, but I should never have thought of it if you hadn't said it. And there's Carlston with the face of a pig. I used to like him. Now when I look at him I expect him to grunt. I used to think he was bright. Now I can't see anything in his face but the stupid look of that terrible animal. Tellme. You have seen Katie What animal does she look like? a kitten?"

The man occupied a moment in thought.

"No," he answered then. "She looks like a little Japanese poodle."

"It's true," assented the woman. "All she needs is a few bangs over her eyes and a collar. Now tell me what animal I look like. Tell me quick without taking time to think. You must have decided long ago, you are so good at detecting."

The man put his hands over his eyes for a second, then looked brightly up.

"You look like a gazelle," said he, "with your big brown eyes."

"For once," said the woman gravely, "you have done yourself proud."—New York Press.

STATIONERY CLOUDS.

Curious Formations on the Windward Sides of Mountain Crests.

Swiss meteorologists have often noticed a phenomenon in the neighborhood of Alpine crests that for a time provoked their curiosity. It was the continued existence of a small cloud above or on the windward side of a ridge, when the air elsewhere was clear. The explanation which has now been adopted is this: The atmosphere contains a good deal of invisible vapor. The quantity is so large that a little chilling will cause it to condense, for the amount of water vapor the air can hold in suspension depends on temperature. Ordinarily, as one ascends the temperature falls, the average being about 1 degree Fahrenheit for every 300 feet. If, therefore, a barrier be interposed, a current of air will be forced upward in order to pass over it. The air cools, and if the moisture in it is near the saturation point enough condensation will occur to make a cloud. After the current reaches the other side of a ridge it descends, the air grows warmer and its ability to hold the vapor increases. The conditions that cause condensation cease to exist, and on the leeward side of the mountain the cloud disappears. Though the same thing has been observed in other countries than Switzerland, it is of infrequent occurrence, and only within a few years has this type of cloud been reported in the United States.

One of the first observers of it was Professor William M. Davis, of Cambridge, Mass., who is an enthusiastic mountain climber, and also a high authority in meteorology. He told a geographical society in Philadelphia in 1903 of an observation of a single "heim" cloud by him in the mountainous districts of North Carolina. For a time it was believed that he was ahead of every one else in noticing the phenomenon. Frank W. Proctor writes to "The United States Weather Review," however, to say that the sight is common at Waynesville, N. C., and that he witnessed it as long ago as 1897. He describes two or three specimens which he has observed over two ranges in that vicinity. He adds that on the sides of the mountains facing the valley what might be called dynamic fog is frequent. That is to say, after rains, or when there is much dampness, the wind blowing up these mountain sides forms fog sheets on the windward slopes, when no fog is to be seen in any other direction.

A Man of Many Friends.

It was characteristic of the late Sir Henry Irving to make friends of Americans whom he met in London, and to show his appreciation of the esteem and admiration in which he was held here. But it would have been asking too much to expect him to be familiar with each person's claim to his recognition. A contributor to the New York Sun says that it was often a case of "going it blind" on the part of the actor.

A certain New Yorker arriving in London found an invitation from Sir Henry to one of the famous suppers in the Beeksteak Room of the Lyceum Theatre. He accepted the invitation with delight, had as good a time as the guests at these gatherings invariably did, and ultimately became a close friend of the actor.

But neither at that first supper nor at any time later did his host say a word to explain how he happened to invite a man he had never met before. So at last his American friend decided to question him on the subject.

"Tell me, Irving," he said, "how did you happen to ask me to take supper with you ten years ago in London I've often wondered why you did it."

"So have I," answered the actor, blandly, "and to save my life I was never able to recall what the reason was. But I'm sure it was a good one!"—Youth's Companion.

THE KEYSTONE STATE

The Latest Pennsylvania News Told in Short Order.

The will of Mrs. Mary Cleaves, of Pittston, recently found dead in bed, leaves half her estate to the Methodist Church of Pittston and half to Foreign Mission Board of the Church. The estate is worth $3000 to $4000.

City Attorney McHugh in an opinion rendered declared that the eight lunch wagons of Wilkes-Barre are to be classed as buildings, as they are connected with gas, water, electricity and other public fixtures, that they are compelled to have a permit to conduct business, and that they are violating the building laws by being frame structures within the fire limits.

Mrs. Mary Grier Roecker, aged 62, one of the oldest and most successful business women of West Chester, died after a few days' illness.

Rev. Henry Alfke, for three years and a half pastor of the North Chester Baptist Church, Chester, has tendered his resignation to accept the pastorate of the Parkerford, Pa., Baptist Church.

Gordon S. Wilcox, or Shamokin, for ten years chief engineer of the Mineral Railroad & Mining Company, tendered his resignation to take effect April 1. He has accepted a position as chief engineer and manager of a large corporation in West Virginia.

Fire which originated from an overheated stove destroyed the large general store of R. R. Myers, at Burnham, near Lewiston, and damaged two dwellings. Corretta Vanorman and Alice Ward, who returned to the house in an effort to save their wearing apparel, were seriously injured in jumping from a second-story to escape the flames. Loss, $5000, partially covered by insurance

Burglars paid two visits to Darby shortly before 3 o'clock the other morning, when they forced the door of the Philadelphia, Baltimore & Washington Railroad freight station, after which they blew open the safe in the office of the feed store of George G. Painter, Fifth and Main Streets, and escaped. At the freight station they secured about $300 worth of copper wire, while at the feed store all that rewarded them for their trouble in wrecking the safe were two revolvers, which they took, and the firm's books. Noise of the explosion aroused all Darby, but by the time it could be located the men made their escape.

Mrs. Jennie Loper, a negro woman, of Chester, died aged 49 years. Mrs. Loper commenced to take on weight several years ago and when weighed recently tipped the scales at 701 pounds. When the funeral director went to prepare the body for burial he was compelled to call on eight men to aid him.

An incorrigible girl was the cause of her mother's death at Bangor. Viola Rupp, 15 years old, was a witness in a license case at court, and swore that she attended dances given in a country hotel and drank beer there. The Bangor School Board had the girl's father up for a hearing to show cause why he did not send her to school. He declared she was incorrigible, and he could do nothing at all with her. In the morning the requisite papers were made out committing the girl to a reformatory, and when the officials went to the home of the Rupps to take the girl away her mother fell dead. Grief and mental agony caused by her daughter's evil ways and the disgrace that had come upon her caused heart failure. There are ten children in the family.

John Gallagher was instantly killed and Howard Brownston, and J. H. Sunder severely burned while fighting a fire which occured at the plant of the Allentown Non-Freezing Powder Company in Allentown.

Despondent from many years of suffering from rheumatism, Harry Conrad Ripperger, better known as Harry Conrad, ended his suffering by shooting himself to death at Harrisburg.

The appointment of P. A. Sandborn to be postmaster at North East, Erie County, has been confirmed by the Senate.

The City Council of Lewiston set Tuesday, May 15, as the day on which they will call a special election for the purpose of deciding whether they will negotiate an additional loan of $50,000 for the purpose of paving the city's streets. The property owners along Market, Chestnut and Valley Streets have offered to pay two-thirds of the cost of paving if the city will pay the other third.

Molders employed in Wilkes-Barre and vicinty have notified the companies employing them that they desire a time fixed for a conference when they may present their request for a new agreement dating from April 1. They now get $2.75 a day for ten hours' work and desire a nine-hour day for the same wages.

Oliver Hay, aged 32, fell seventy-five feet at Boswell, Somerset County, and escaped without a scratch. Hay was employed on the Merchants' Coal Company's tipple, and fell from the tipple into a bin of slack coal. He landed along side of the pile, which was covered by a foot of snow. The snow and coal served as a sort of a cushion and saved his life.

The engine on the morning passenger train from Philadelphia on the Pennsylvania Railroad left the rails near Union City. The train was nine hours late on account of another wreck and moving rapidly. Fortunately the train was stopped before it was derailed. No one was hurt.

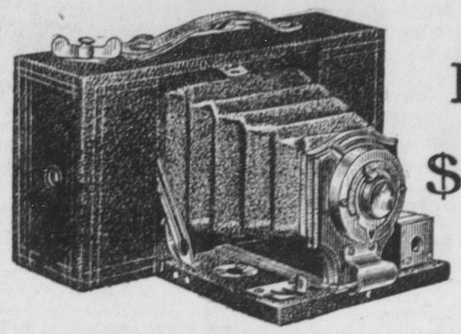
Auditor General Snyder announced the appointment of E. C. Dewey, of Clearfield, to be auditing clerk of the department, a position which the Auditor General has created. Mr. Dewey is at present assistant cashier of the State Treasury and will enter upon the duties of his new position on April 1.

Despairing over his fiancee's refusal to marry him, Irvin Francis Miller, aged 29 years, of Hamburg, committed suicide by shooting himself on South Fourth Street. Miller was to have been married o Miss Anna Gaenzel, Saturday, but she declared the wedding off. Brooding over his disappointment, Miller borrowed a revolver from a friend and put a bullet in his right temple. Death followed two hours later. Miller was married ten years ago and had been divorced from his wife. Their child, 5 years of age, remained with the mother.

Adventurous Career Ended.

A most adventurous career has ended in the death a few days ago at Arklow, County Wickton, of Mr. E. Walsh. After serving some time in the Royal Irish Constabulary, Walsh went to the gold diggings of California, and from there drifted to the silver mines of Colorado, where he worked side by side with Messrs. Mackey—known afterwards as the Silver King—O'Brien, Flood, and Fair, who were miners there, and subsequently became millionaires. He joined the Federal army, and took part in all the leading battles of the Civil War. At the struggles of Fredericksburg he was in the division which cut a way through the Confederate army, by which the remnant of the Irish Brigade under Gen. Thomas Francis Meagher retreated after the headlong charge they made of the strongly fortified batteries of Marge's Hill. Mr. Walsh was severely wounded, and lay all night amidst the heaps of slain. Picked up next day, he recovered, and continued in the ranks till the end of the struggle.

No. 2 Folding Brownie



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S. W. SMITH, Editor and Proprietor.

CENTRE HALL, . . . PENN'A.

THURSDAY, MARCH 29, 1906

TERMS.—The terms of subscription to the Reporter are one dollar per year in advance.

ADVERTISEMENTS.—20 cents per line for three insertions, and 5 cents per line for each subsequent insertion. Other rates made known on application.

DEATHS.

CHARLES T. WILSON.

One of the best known citizens of Altoona, Charles T. Wilson, died Saturday, aged seventy-three years. He was born at Cedar Run, this county, and was a grandson of General Philip Benner, of revolutionary fame. He was appointed deputy sheriff of Centre county in 1854, and three years later began railroading. He had charge of the Altoona railroad station from 1863 until 1901, and in October, 1902, was formally retired. Miss Martha A. Brown, of Cedar Springs, became his wife in 1870. She and five children survive. The deceased was a cousin of Mrs. J. T. Potter, of near Centre Hall.

JOHN P. MILLER.

The Orangeville (Illinois) Courier of 24th inst., contained the following: John P. Miller, a former resident of Orangeville, died Friday morning at his home in Aplington, Iowa, of Bright's disease, aged fifty-eight years. He was a brother of Mrs. I M. Boob, of Orangeville, and Mrs. Lott Evans, of Mott, North Dakota. He was born in Centre county, Pa., and came west with his parents in 1853, locating in Orangeville. Mr. Miller went to Iowa twenty-four years ago, residing for a time at Ackley.

MISS ANNA WEBER.

Miss Anna Weber, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Abraham Weber, of Howard, died Tuesday morning in the German Hospital, Philadelphia, of typhoid fever.

Miss Weber had gone to Philadelphia to visit Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Moore, and after being there for several weeks took ill. She was a very bright and accomplished young lady having graduated from the Philadelphia Conservatory of music with honors. Her age was about twenty-four years.

CHARLES E. GRIEST.

Charles E. Griest, member of the grocery firm of P. E. & C. E. Griest, of Unionville, died very suddenly at the home of his uncle, P. E. Griest, Unionville, Tuesday morning.

Mr. Greist was aged twenty-four years. His illness began with rheumatism, and later typhoid fever developed.

Harris Township.

S. J. Wagner, of Altoona, made a business trip to this place last week.

J. Peters, of Rock Springs, was here the early part of the week in quest of good horses.

Harry Kister, of Bellefonte, spent some time here in the interest of music.

Ephraim and William Keller, of College and Benner townships, visited their mother.

Mr. and Mrs. John Wert were visitors from Tusseyville.

Miss Priscilla Stuart returned to her home in Boalsburg, after spending the winter with friends at Pittsburg and Sandy Ridge.

Mrs. Emma Stuart, of Bellevue Station, Pittsburg, was one of the guests at the Mitchell-McFarlane wedding.

Mrs. B. F. Brown is visiting her sister, Mrs. Jones, in Clearfield county.

The household goods of the late Mrs. Rebecca Myers will be sold at public sale Saturday afternoon.

Mrs. L. Mothersbaugh spent a few days visiting friends in Bellefonte and vicinity.

The township high school will give an entertainment in Boal Hall, Boalsburg, Friday evening, the 30th. Proceeds for the benefit of the public library.

Boys for working on the farm are very scarce this spring, and quite a number of farmers as yet have no helpers. Farmer Walker Shutt is all right in that line, as a little boy came to his home last Thursday and is making no efforts to leave. Being the first-born he will certainly be welcome to stay.

Quite a number of people from here attended to business at the county seat during the last week.

There are still quite a number of children as well as older people ill from the measles. Now the mumps have put in their appearance and in all likelihood the little ones will again be afflicted.

Alexander Everhart, of Altoona, spent a few days here. His visit was occasioned by the serious illness of his brother, James, at the well-known Everhart home, on the Branch. The ailment is erysipelas, which started on his hands and has now spread over the entire arm and shoulder.

Sleighing is a thing of the past. It was an unexpected pleasure which was enjoyed by all in this locality. However, one of the retired county officials preferred driving from Bellefonte to Boalsburg on wheels when the snow was fifteen inches deep.

Miss Hazel Hoover, a little Altoona Miss, is visiting her grandparents, at Shingletown.

WE SHOULD READ POETRY.

The Need to Keep Alive Faith In Spiritual Literature.

Analysis is encouraged by our civilization more than the sense of beauty. It is a scientific age, and we are all in danger to some extent of that atrophy of the imagination of which Darwin is the most famous case. Poetry is in literature that branch which appeals primarily to the imagination and helps to keep it alive, as exercise helps to preserve the body. As we do not produce much poetry or other imaginative art we are thrown back upon the past, and this increases the necessity of education in poetry, for forms of expression which are not contemporary are seldom entirely appreciated without training. Often people of the best natural taste are less open to certain beauties than others less naturally appreciative, but with more mental and aesthetic exercise in youth. The most sincere minds reject most emphatically any pretense of caring for what they really do not enjoy. Thus among the truest natures of our acquaintance one sees nothing in early painting, another in poetry and a third in the higher music, all from lack rather of training than of eye, ear or fancy. In the circumstances of our day it is more important in a child's education that he should be prepared to like and understand Spenser and Wordsworth, Milton, Burns and Shelley than that he should early acquire a realistic mode of thinking or a start in scientific information. Exact knowledge and logic in this age will take care of themselves, but it requires more care to keep alive that

Sense sublime
Of something far more deeply interfused,
Whose dwelling is the light of setting suns,
And the round ocean and the living air
And the blue sky and in the mind of man.

Whatever truth may be, it is larger than the little naturalistic thoughts and observations that sometimes claim the title. There is more of it in a Beethoven symphony than in one of Herbert's Spencer's essays, and more in Macbeth's soliloquies than in fourteen weeks in natural science.—Collier's Weekly.

Hotel News.

Charles S. Bechtol, of Eagleville, will succeed James B. Haffer as landlord at the Coburn House.

C. Bruce Garman bought the interest of C. M. Garman in the Garman House, Bellefonte.

C. M. Garman and Al. Garman will go to Atlantic City, and engage in the hotel business.

Marriage Licenses.

Alfred Oversby, Dunlo, Cambria Co.
Elizabeth Ray, Philipsburg.

Amos A. Garland, Sandy Ridge.
Hannah J. Resides, Sandy Ridge.

James A. Rote, Bellefonte.
Lizzie Virginia Miller, Bellefonte.

Linden Hall.

W. H. Kerstetter has charge of the station while Jacob Lee is at Milton shipping his goods here, where he will occupy part of the McClellan house.

Edward Cunningham moves on Thursday from Bellefonte to the Baker farm.

Harry Floray moved Monday from State College to the tenant house on the Van Tries farm where he will work for Arb. Cummings.

F. H. Crawford and W. H. Spyke, of Harrisburg, were looking up trade here beginning of the week.

Miss Stuart entertained a number of friends at a eucher party Monday evening.

Sunday morning when George Inhoff and family were driving from Centre Furnace to this place, the horse he was driving dropped dead when they got to Oak Hall. The horse belonged to Will Thompson and was one he had bought but a few days before at the Mitchell sale.

Mr. and Mrs. C. N. Wieland and family spent Saturday at this place.

The measles patients are recovering, and many of the children have returned to school.

Mrs. W. S. Williams, of Altoona, is the guest of relatives here this week.

LOCALS.

E. Clayton Wagner moved from Tusseyville to Centre Hall Tuesday.

Merchant F. E. Wieland, of Linden Hall, was in town on busines Wednesday.

Dr. H. S. Braucht, of Spring Mills, one of the leading physicians of Penns Valley, was in town Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Meyer and daughter Miriam, of Reedsville, are visiting in Centre Hall at present.

Newton Yarnell, on the D. J. Meyer farm, lost a valuable horse Tuesday. Death was due to spinal meningitis.

Jacob Wagner is recovering from a short but serious illness. He is the home of his daughter, Mrs. Arthur E. Kerlin, in this place.

J. W. McCormick, of Columbia, South Carolina, by succession was made president of the State Embalming Association, an association of great importance among undertakers in South Carolina.

GRAIN MARKET.

Rye	56	Wheat	78
Barley	45	Oats	30
		Corn	40

PRODUCE AT STORES.

Lard	08	Butter	24
Potatoes	50	Eggs	13

MERCANTILE APPRAISEMENT.—Notice is hereby given that the following persons and firms have been appraised and are hereby liable for mercantile and license taxes for the year 1906.

AARONSBURG
RETAILERS.
Bower, A. W., meats
Bower, E. A., general store
Bower, A. F., implements
Bower, Warren, produce
Detwiler, J. H., general store
Keister, G. W., implements
Minick Bros., produce
Musser, A. M., hardware
Musser, C. E., groceries
Mensch, R. W., general store
Stover, Climer H., hardware
Stover, A. H., wall paper
Wyle, B. W., fruit and fish

AXEMANN
Donovan, Jerry, scrap iron
Harter, H. E., groceries
Miller, W. H., general store

BEECH
Auckerman, F., confectionery

BELLEFONTE
Aikens, Mrs. J. A., ladies' fur.
Ardell, John Jr., lumber
Allison, Archibald, plumber
Baum, Sim, clothing
Beck, R. A., soap &c.
Blair, F. P., jewelry
Blackford, C. I., cigars
Brown, Mrs. M., cigars and tobacco
Brackbill, W. R., furniture
Brockerhoff, J. M., cigars
Brouse, R. S., groceries
Beezer, P. L., meats
Bellefonte Fuel & Supply Co., coal
Brandman, R., general store
Bush, G. T., stationery
Coxey, W. C., groceries
Carpenter, Lewis, confectionery
Cedar, Joseph, confectionery
Cox, Jesse K., cigars
Crider, P. B. & Son, lumber
Doll, W. H., confectionery
Donachy, S. A., 5 & 10 cent store
Dubbs, John G., implements
Daggett, W. L., cigars
Eckenroth, E. J., wall paper
Fauble, M. & Son, clothing
Gamble, Gheen & Co., flour and feed
Garbrick Bros., machinists
Garman, F. F., general store
Garman, C. M. & C. B., cigars
Garbrick, Harry E., groceries
Garbrick, A. T., cigars
Green, F. Potts, drugs
Galbraith, Frank, jewelry
Gephart, M. C., instruments
Gettig, L. H., meats
Gillen Grocery, groceries
Hazel Bros., groceries
Hall, G. W. & Co., pianos
Howard Creamery Co., produce
Hoy, J. Harris, implements
Joseph Bros. & Co., gen. store
Krumrine, Sidney, drugs
Katz & Co., general store
Keichline, J. S., fruit and confec.
Knicelly Bros., cigars
Lyon & Co., general store
Lyon, W. A., meats
Lyon, J. P., automobiles
Linn, H. S., china hall
McClure, W. M., agt. harness
Montgomery & Co., clothing
Mendis, Peter, scrap iron
Meese, John, general store
Mingle, A. C., shoes
Miller, C. W., tobacco
Miller, W. H., stoves
Miller & Son, groceries
Miller, David, groceries
McCalmont & Co., implements
Mosebarger, Fred cigars
Noonan, James A., cigars
Naginey, F. E., furniture
Otto, Hamilton, tobacco
Olewine, John, hardware
Parish, C. M., drugs
Potter-Hoy Hardware Co., hardware
Irvin, S. F., cigars & tobacco
Rosa, E. T., groceries
Ray, H. S., cigars
Rhoads, E. K., coal and grain
Rhoads, Edward K., general store
Schad & Bro., plumbing
Sheffer, P. D., groceries
Singer Mfg. Co., sewing machines
Sourbeck, John, confectionery
Shuey, C. C., groceries
Strayer, J. M., candies
Schofield, James, harness
Sechler & Co., groceries
Spigelmyer, G. R., chinaware
The Racket Store Co., general store
The Index Book & Stationery Co., books, etc.
Thall, J. F., confectionery
Witmyer, W. T., stoves
Taylor, R. B., coal
Wagner, C. Y., grain
Waite, J. S. & Co., implements
Williams, S. H., wall paper
Wian, J. S., harness
Yeager & Davis, shoes
Zeller & Son, drugs
Summers & Jackson, cigars
McQuistian, L. A. & Co., buggies
Finkelstine, H. L. & Bro., novelties
Risk, Alexander, groceries

BENORE
Bottorf, John, groceries
Bellefonte Furnace Co., coal
Haugh, John, general store
Emerick, Lyman, general mdse.

BUFFALO RUN
Mattern, J. L., general store

BLANCHARD
Berryhill, G. S., tobacco
Clark, D. W., hardware
Harter, W. L., furniture
Kurtes, D. B., cigars
Moon, A. R., groceries
Page, G. W., general store
Quigley, J. A., general store
Snyder, H. A., groceries
Williams, C. A., general store

BOALSBURG
Fisher, N. B., general mdse.
Bell, S. M., confec. and notions
Harrison & Ishler, gen. store
Hess, Harry T., confectionery
Stover, O. W., implements
Stuart, W. H., general store
Wieland, J. M. & Co., buggies

CLARENCE
Buddinger, T. B., general store
Kloski, Wm., general store
Kachik, George, groceries
Krone, Eugene, jeweler
Mecow, Joseph, groceries
Shank, A. D., butcher
Tecash, Wm., groceries
Zewak, John, groceries

CENTRE HILL
Bible, J. C., groceries
Smith, Robert, produce

CENTRE HALL
Benner, George, general store
Boozer, D. A., saddlery
Bushman, G. W., jewelry
Dauberman, J. G., butcher
Foreman & Smith, grain and coal
Howard Creamery Co., produce
Kreamer & Son, general store
Luse, A. P. & Son, lumber
Murray, J. D., drugs
Meyers, W H., general store
Rearick Bros., furniture
Reesman, J. A., stoves
Royer, Ed., cigars
Runkle, J. W., cigars
Smith, J. F., general store
Weber, J. H. & S. E., grain and coal
Centre Hall Supply Co., produce
Henney, Mrs. Lucy, millinery

COLYER
Meese, G. R., general store

COBURN
Crader, W., general store
Coburn Grain & Produce Co., grain and coal
Dinges, Clovd, grain
Finkle' C. E., agt., general store
Glasgow, J. W., general store
Hafer, J. D., cigars
Harter, James E., general store
Hosterman, T. A., supplies
Howard Creamery Co., produce
Kerstetter, J. W., general store
Rote, S. G. & Co., grain
Stover, A. J., shingles
Vonada, Andrew, hardware
Weaver, C. A., coal

FARMERS MILLS
Emerick, J. F., saddler
Fredericks, Samuel, flour and feed
Rishell, J. H., general store

FLEMING
Alexander, J. B., coal
Buck, D., grain
Earon, W. H., coal
Greist, T. E., general store
Greist, A. J., general store
Stere, H. M. & J. B., general store
Harper, W. T., produce
Hazel, A. F., flour and feed
Turner, H. E., produce
Grove, Chester, general merchandise

FEIDLER
W. Winkleblech, agt., groceries
Wolf, G. W. & Son, general store

FILMORE
Hunter, J. C., general store

GATESBURG
Dermit, S. E., general mdse.
Rider, M., general mdse.

GUYER
Smith, Martin, general store

HANNAH FURNACE
Beckwith, Mrs. J. W., general store
Walk, J. M., groceries

HOUSERVILLE
Houser, E. M., general store

HUBLERSBURG
Hoy, G. F., general store
McCauley, L. H., general store
Kessinger, F. L., general store
Williams, Albert, tobacco and cigars

HOWARD
Confer, W. E., confect. and cigars
DeHaas, J. L., cigars
Holter, D. E., general store
Thompson, W. H., buggies
Pletcher, Wm. B., produce
Holter, H. C., furniture
Hall, Wilbur, general store
Kline & Wolf, general store
Thompson Bros., general store
Long, W. H., grain
Lucas, Chas.——
Lucas, C. C., gen. store
McEntire, D. O., drugs
Moore, H. A., drugs
Miner, M., jeweler
Moore, Claude R., jeweler
Neff, W. H. & Son, furniture
Pletcher, T. A., saddlery
Schenck, A. A., hardware
Thomas, B. Weber, confectionery
Webber, B. Sons, general store
Walizer, Charles A., meats
Wagner, J. H., cigars

JULIAN
Miller, W. S. & Albert, coal
Wilson, C. M., produce
Boyer, Chas., paper wood, etc.
Davis, I. F., groceries
Henderson, J. E., groceries
Parsons, John, groceries
Tailhelm, W. G. & Son, general store
Turner, J. H., general store

LIVONIA
Stover, George B., cigars

LEMONT
Schreck Bros., carriages, etc.
Evey, H. F., general store
Holderman, F. A., grain and flour
Lenker, J. E., general store
Mitchell, John, hardware
Ross, Elmer C., general store
Williams & Roan, furniture

LINDEN HALL
Keller, Mrs. J. W., general store
Ross, J. H., general store
Wieland, F. E., general store

MOUNT EAGLE
Dietz, J. F., produce
Heverly, E. E., groceries

MADISONBURG
Evert, T. B., general store
Hazle, A. J., & Co., general store
Miller, J. F., implement repairs
Miller, J. E., produce

MARTHA
Ebberts, O. D., general store

MOSHANNON
Craft, A. L., groceries
Grove, A. A., groceries
Lucas, J. T., general store
Trubidy, K. & A., groceries
Weaver, T. D., confectionery

MILESBURG
Boggs, M. S., groceries
Penna. Supply Co., coal
Else, C. H., drugs, etc.
Harshbarger, Z. T., meats
Jodon, L., confectionery
Johnson, E. D. & Co., general store
Kohlbecker, A. A., cigars
Miles, W. B. & Son, gen. store
Milesburg Store Co., general store
Neff, Mrs. S., groceries
Noll, George, coal
Wetzler, F. L. & Co., general store

MINGOVILLE
Workman, C. C., groceries

MONUMENT
Bergner, Albert, groceries
Herr, J. B., groceries
Clark, Paul, cigars

MUNSON
Ambrose, Philip, groceries
Eisenhauer, Fred, cigars
Nugent, Lawrence, cigars

MILLHEIM
Auman, N. A., groceries
Auman, E. L., grain
Campbell, S. M., furniture
Frank, A. A., general store
Hartman, J. H. B. & Co., hardware
Hosterman & Stover, hardware
Kline, J. A & Son, flour and feed
Kessler, A., clothing
Leitzell, P. P., produce
Maize, A. P., agt., groceries
Meyer Bros., meats
Mauk, Miss M. E., millinery
McMullen, E. P., flour and feed
Musser, Mrs. W. S., millinery
Mauk, E. W., agt., groceries
Meyer, T. F., dry goods
Neiman, D. J., clothing
Reeser, A. M., cigars
Shauver, Isaac, cigars
Stover, R. S., jeweler
Spigelmeyer, J., groceries
Springer, G. L., cigars
Ulrich, T. B., cigars

NITTANY
Beck, John H. & Son, gen. store
Emerick, R. F., cigars
Peck, S. & Son, general store

ORVIS
Hays Run Mr. Co., gen. mdse.

OAK HALL
Close, S. A., general store
Etters, Clayton, grain
Sellers, Edward, implements
Webber, J. H. & S. E., grain and coal

OSCEOLA MILLS
Goss, Wesley, groceries
Pie, J. J, Est., steam fitting
Schuare, D W., groceries
Stein, S. B & Son, steam fitting
Walker, R. J., lumber

PENN CAVE
Rossman, D. H., produce

POWLTON
Vulcan Trading Co., general store

POTTERS MILLS
Carson, F. A., general store
Reish, J. S., cigars
Smith, Emanuel, general store
Blanser, W. H., general mdse.

PENN HALL
Fisher, J. B. & Son, general mdse
Wert, H. M., produce

PENNA. FURNACE
Hess, C. B., general store
Miller, C. D., general store
Ward, W. S., general store

PHILIPSBURG
Ayers, H. B., grocery
Adelman & Ratowsky, dry goods
Antis, A. B., confectionery
Andrews, W. C., dry goods
Butler, James A., cigars
Black, James, cigars
Baines, Thomas, Jr., cigars
Baltic Supply Co., general store
Forney, J. A.
Burchfield, W. C., novelties
Bloom, J. E., saddlery
Central Trading Co., gen. store
Cole, F. A., cigars
Carleton, Wm., confectioner
Copelin, Duke, flour and feed
Kephart, J. F., hardware
Coster & Norris, wall paper
Crissman & Brown, drugs
Deakin, Thomas, cigars
Davis, J. C., jeweler
Erb, John, tobacco and cigars
Emory, Harry, groceries
Forney Drug Co., drugs
Forney, M. I., meats
Fryberger, C. T., flour, etc.
Fetterolf, C. & Co., furniture
Goodrich, D. W., confect. and cigars
Gill, Wm. F., sporting goods
Graham Herd & Co., hardware
Griffith, Sarah, groceries
Gernon, Lewis B., shoes
Gelfant, S., dry goods
Garrity, Mrs. M., groceries
Gowland Mfg. Co., steam fitter
Gulick, Chas. H., wagons
Gray, W. B., saddlery
Goodrich, R. E., groceries
Graham, Herd & Co., hardware
Hancock, Charles, novelties
Hartsock, G. W., groceries
Hess, William, groceries
Herman, George, groceries
Hinkle, W., picture frames
Hoffman Bros., tobacco
Howarth Bros., furniture
Herman, Gerson, clothing
Hoffer, B. F., novelties
Hagerty, E. E., confectionery
Ickes, Lillian B., millinery
Jaffer, L., grocery
Jones, Mrs. A. E., groceries
Jones, Calvin, wall paper
Jones & Co., hardware
Jones, A., general store
Kessler Co. L. G., general store
Kyler, Mrs. Annie, grocery
Kline, Mrs C., cigars
Kellock, George M., cigars, etc.
Lehman, Joseph, clothing
Jones & Kline, cigars
Jones Bros., cigars
Marks, Ash., grain and hay
Musser, Mrs M. A., groceries
Mark, A. W., shoes
Melick, W. M., drugs
McCausland, T. G., jeweler
Moyer, Adam, novelties
Markowitz, A., peddler
McCullough, R. C., cigars
North, C., cigars
Bathurst, Z. W., cigars
Nelson, John J., groceries
Waple, Charles, cigars
Philipsburg Beef Co., meats
Parker, George G., florist
Oregon Mercantile Co., grocers
Philipsburg Cash Grocery Co.
Solomon & Lavine, junk.
Caplin, Harry, junk.
Finberg, Isaac, peddler
Fenberg, Louis, junk.
Finberg, Jacob, junk
Fields, A., junk
Fishman, M., junk.
Garfinkle, H., junk.
Isenberg, Isaac, junk.
Pritchard, A. C. & Co., general store
Hawarth, James
Driggs, J. F.
Press, M., grocery
Peters, A. L., meats
Passmore, James, cigars
Ritchards, G. H., meats
Reiling & Co., J. M., jewelers
Robinson, W. O., groceries
Rapsey & Greebe, cigars
Rothrock, O. S., novelties
Robertson, Mrs. H., groceries
Rodgers, Samuel, cigars
Stanley, J. O., butcher
Sommerville, Mrs. J., groceries
Swires, Jacob, general store
Seagle, Samuel, groceries
Streamer, W. A. H., clothing
Switzer & Co., L. J., millinery
Schmidt, F. & A., general store
Turnbach Hdw. Co., J. H. hwd.
Fulton, John C., tob. & cigars
Union Shoe Store, shoes
Vail, Orin, cigars
Wolf, Wm., grain & flour
Weber, Frank, furniture
Wright, S. W., jeweler
Wilenzick, Rebecca, clothing

PLEASANT GAP
Griffith, John, gen. store
Noll, Wm. H. Jr. & Bro., gen. store
Mulfinger, Jno. C., coal
Kerstetter, James, meats

PINE GLEN
Boak, G. R., gen. store
Watson, Wm., groceries

PINE GROVE MILLS
Keller, Jacob & Son, coal
Kepler & Musser, grain
Everts, J. N., gen. store
Herberling, J. B., furniture
Hess, J. G., stationery
Krebs & Bro, J. B., gen. store
Randolph, R. R., cigars
Ward, J. H., cigars
Weaver, D. H., Est, gen. store

PORT MATILDA
Bennett, Wm., produce
Chaney & Thompson, gen. store
Craine & Son W. G. L., gen. store
Eller & McKinney, gen. store
Gates, G. W., produce
Harshberger, Chas., produce
Hoover, W. P., hardware
Pringle, S. R., general store
Patton, W. T., produce
Bennett, Henry, produce
Reese, John, groceries
Reese, A. W., gen. store
Weston, Stuart, produce
Williams, J. M., flour & grain
Wiser, W. J., furniture
Woodring, H. C., coal
Woodring, Jacob, produce

ROMOLA
Robb, E. B., gen. store

ROLAND
Morrison & Glenn, gen. store

RUNVILLE
Poorman, Edward, gen. store

REBERSBURG
Carlin, J. W., gen. store
Haines, W. B., meats
Frank, L. B., drugs
Harter, J. W., gen. store
Kuhn, Em., general store
Shaffer, S. P., cigars
Strohecker, S. M., implements

SANDY RIDGE
Jaffe, L., clothing
Heath, Lily B., millinery
Collins, W. A., cigars
Garland, Mrs. Annie, groceries
Sandy Ridge Store Co., general store
Stuart, H. S., groceries
Spitler, Daniel, groceries

SNOW SHOE
Budinger, T. B., gen. store
Gunsallus, John, clothing
Kelley, John A., cigars
Hinton & Eckenroth, meats
Kelley & Nugent, gen. store
Kelley & Co., J. A., groceries
Poser, Jones, clothing
Redding, Lawrence, cigars
Reeser, John A., meats
Sickel, W. A., drugs
Shaw, James, groceries
Thompson & Watson, gen. store
Uzzle, John G., cigars
Yarnell, James I., stationery

SMULLTON
Smull, W. E., gen. store

STORMSTOWN
Burkett, I. G., gen. store
Eves, J. F., produce
Griffin, J. H., gen. store
Gray, John I., produce
Mattern, J. C., implements
McAfee, E., produce
Waite, H. B., produce

SPRING MILLS
Allison, W. M., grain & flour
Boal, B. F., stock food
Corman, O. T., gen. store
Wood, J. W., cigars
Duck, F. P., implements & repairs
Evans, J. Wells, poultry
Dunlap, A. C., jewelery
Long, C. P., gen. store
Ripka, Daniel, cigars
Ripka Cash store, gen. store
Anckerman, F., gen. store
Bartley, Earl, hides
Condo, S. L., buggies
Condo, J. C., buggies
Krape, C. A., gen. store
Long, J. D., coal
Ripka, F. D., bicycle repairs
Rossman, H. F., gen. store
Smith Bros., Jno., furniture
Snyder, L. G., produce
Wert & Ertle, produce
Wolf, John F., produce
Zeigler, C. E., musical instruments

SOBER
Auman, M. G., groceries

STATE COLLEGE
Bailey, Scott, buggies, etc.
Custard, W. D., wall paper
Crust, Reuben, coal
College Hardware Co., hardware
Cori, G. E., coal
Caldwell, W. G., cigars
College Supply Co., general store
Foster, F. D. coal & grain
Graham, Geo. F., perfumes
Grove, D. A., implements
Holmes, J. H. Jr., bicycles
Holmes, J. C., gen. store
Harvey Bros., confect.
Fye, L. D., gen. store
Allman, H. L., grain
Knisely Bros., cigars
Kalin, Samuel, clothing
Kimport Bros., meats
Pearce Bros., groceries
McCormick, C. B., implements
Markle, J. C., meats
Musser, Harry W., groceries
Jackson, G. B., cigars
Leitzell, H. A., stationery
Meek, H. D., drugs
Shuey, C. E., jewelry
Shaw, O. F., saddlery
Shea-ley, C. B., conf.
Smith, W. W., photo goods
Thompson, George, groceries

TUSSEYVILLE
Ishler, M. C., millinery
Lee, Arthur, machinery
Swartz, C. W., general store

WADDLE
Hoy, John A., general store

WOLFS STORE
McManaway, H. F., general store
Weaver & Son, flour and feed

WALKER
Betz, M. S., general store
Yearick, N. H., general store

WINGATE
Harnish, John M., groceries

WOODWARD
Hosterman, C. W., produce
Orndorf, L. D., groceries
Wolf, R. M., general store

YARNELL
Confer, Ira P., general store

ZION
Kauffman, Amos, shingles
Noll & C., B. A., general store
Eley, J. W., coal
Shope, Cyrus, groceries
Transeau, W. J., groceries

WHOLESALERS
AARONSBURG
Crouse, H. E., produce

BELLEFONTE
Atlantic Refining Co., oils
Bellefonte Fuel & Supply Co., coal
P. B. Crider & Son, lumber
Joseph Bros. & Co., dry goods
Potter-Hoy Hardware Co., hardware
Lauderbach Barber Co., groceries
Wagner, C. Y., flour and grain

COBURN
Atlantic Refining Co., oils
Coburn Grain & Creamery Co., grain
Weaver, C. A., grain

CENTRE HALL
Penns Valley Produce Co., produce
Foreman & Smith, grain and hay
Weber, J. H. & S. E., grain and hay

HOWARD
Delhi, J. S., produce
Smith, Orlando, produce

HUBLERSBURG
Hoy, J. F., grain

LEMONT
Herman, Jacob, produce
Ross, Elmer C., grain

LINDEN HALL
Ross, J. H., grain and hay
Wieland, F. E., grain and hay

MILLHEIM
McMullen & Gephart, grain

NITTANY
Beck & Hoy

OAK HALL
Weber, J. H. & S. E., grain

PENNA. FURNACE
Brown, A. M., lumber

PORT MATILDA
Crain, W. Scott, mine props

PHILIPSBURG
Atlantic Refining Co., oils
Copelin, Duke, flour and feed
Denlinger Bros., oils
Gill, J. D., mining supplies
Hoffman Bros., tobacco
Swift & Co., meats
Union Petroleum Co., oils
Turnbach Hardware Co., J. H., hdw:
Lauderoach Barber Co., groceries

SNOW SHOE
Kelley & Co., groceries

SPRING MILLS
Spring Mills Creamery Co., produce

STATE COLLEGE
Keller, G. S. & Co., wool

TUSSEYVILLE
Rockey, W. F., produce

BILLIARDS
BELLEFONTE
Brockerhoff, J. M., billiards
Cox, Jesse K., billiards
Knisely Bros., billiards

CLARENCE
Mecon, Joseph, billiards

BLANCHARD
Moon, A. R., billiards

PHILIPSBURG
Cole, F. A., billiards
Fulton, John C, billiards

SNOW SHOE
Kelley, John A., billiards

SANDY RIDGE
Sherkel, R. F., billiards
Collins, W. A., billiards

STATE COLLEGE
Stephen, W. G., billiards
Knisely Bros., billiards

EATING HOUSES
BELLEFONTE
Blackford, C. I., eating house
Cox, Jesse K., eating house
Summers & Jackson, eating house

PHILIPSBURG
Charleton, Wm., eating house
Erb, John, eating house
Bathurst, Z. W., eating house
Jones & Kline, eating house
Meyers, Dorsey, eating house
Ross, John, eating house

SANDY RIDGE
Sherkel, R. F., eating house

SNOW SHOE
Shaw, James, eating house

STATE COLLGE
Caldwell, W. G., eating house

BROKERS
BELLEFONTE
Walker, G. H., broker

PHILIPSBURG
Bair, W. T., broker

For the purpose of correcting any errors of appraisement, an appeal will be held at County Treasury's office, in Bellefonte, Pa., on Friday, April 20th, 1906, between the hours of 10 o'clock A. M. and 3 P. M., and those who so desire can attend. G. G. FINK,
Mercantile Appraiser.

Spring Mills.

Rev. McIlnay left for conference Tuesday morning. He was accompanied by Rev. Chilcote, a former pastor here, who spent a few days as the guest of Rev. McIlnay.

John Taylor and family moved into the house vacated by Wm. Lohr, last week.

T. M. Gramley transacted business in Bellefonte, Friday.

Emanuel Smith and family, of Potters Mills, spent Sunday at the home of W. H. Smith.

Thos. Caldwell, plumber for Archibald Allison, Bellefonte, did some repairing in the bath rooms connected with the homes of Wm. Allison and T. M. Gramley last week.

Emory Ripka and family are, this week, moving into the new house on Long avenue, just being completed by C. P. Long.

Mrs. Mary Stover and Miss Rosie Smith are among the sick this week.

Samuel Stitzer has rented Mrs. Catharine Bitner's home, where he and his bride expect to begin housekeeping this spring.

Mr. and Mrs. Calvin King spent Sunday in Reedsville, visiting the latter's brother, Austin Krape, who was seriously ill, but is now improving.

For an Impaired Appetite.

Loss of appetite always results from faulty digestion. All that is needed is a few doses of Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets. They will invigorate the stomach, strengthen the digestion and give you an appetite like a wolf. These Tablets also act as a gentle laxative. For sale by C. W. Swartz, Tusseyville; F. A. Carson, Potters Mills.

Oak Hall.

Miss Irene Segner, of Boalsburg, spent Friday night as the guest of her sister, Mrs. Edward Zong.

Mr. and Mrs. Ross Lowder are happy over the arrival of a young daughter last week.

Mrs. Thomas Gramley, of Altoona, arrived in town Saturday and will visit here for some time.

Miss Elsie Peters, who is staying with her aunt, Mrs. Shadle, in Bellefonte, spent Sunday at home.

Christ Houtz and family moved from the Baker farm to Nathan Grove's farm Tuesday. It is reported that Mr. Cunningham, of Bellefonte, will occupy the Baker property in the near future.

Foster Weaver, of Pine Grove Mills, was a visitor in town last week.

Mrs. P. S. Dale is numbered among the sick.

E. K. Smith and Miss Laura Benner attended the Sunday School Convention at State College last Thursday.

Edward Zong and Luther Peters attended Clement Fortney's sale, near Tusseyville, on Saturday.

James Peters and Harry McCraken, of Rock Springs, were in town the other day.

Oscar Rishel and son John went to Centre Hall Friday.

C. M. Dale and children, of the Branch, spent Sunday among friends in town.

Rev. J. I. Stonecypher, of Boalsburg, was in town Monday.

LETTING FOR ABUTMENTS.—The undersigned, road supervisors of Gregg township, will receive bids for stone abutments for a bridge over Penns Creek, near Beaver Dam school house, until April 7, 1906, noon. Specification for same may be seen at the home of J. P. Grove, Spring Mills, near site of the proposed bridge. The right is reserved to reject any or all bids.
J. P. GROVE, President.
J. C. ROSSMAN, Secretary,
BENJ. LIMBERT.

Trial List.

Following is the list of cases to be tried at the April term of court, which commences Monday, April 23th, and continues two weeks:

FIRST WEEK.

G. H. Thompson, trustee, vs. Chas. H. Fetterolf & Co.
Same vs. Samuel Gault.
M. C. Gephart vs. Reuben Etters.
Charley Foster vs. George Lutz.
Amos Copenhaver & J. S. McMonigal vs. J. P. Selbring.
Y. M. C. A. of Bellefonte vs. Lillie G. Keeder.

SECOND WEEK.

Snow Shoe Lumber Co. vs. J. T. Lucas, et. al.
Mary S. Thomas vs. Burdine Butler.
Wade H. Lytle vs. Burdine Butler.
Mary Walker vs. W. H. Poorman.
W. S. Gilliland, et. al., vs. J. H. Holt's administrators.
Christian Reese vs. Henry and Wm. Woomer.
J. C. Nason vs. George W. Gill.
A. & W. Weber, exrs., vs. George Singer's admrs.
Drusilla C. Hess vs. J. H. Ross.
Louisa Bush vs. David Miller.
Superior Drill Co. vs. T. F. Wolf.
C. T. Gerberich vs. J. D. Hunter, administrator.
D. F. Bowersox vs. John Bowersox' executor.
Annie Butler vs. Thomas M. Weaver, administrator.
First National Bank of Osceola vs. Louis B. Gernon, exr.
McCalmont & Co. vs. American Lime & Stone Co.
Wm. Tressler, exr., vs. Edward Brown, Sr., et. al.
J. A. Decker vs. C. T. Aikens, admr.
Jas. I. Lytle, et. ux., vs. Joseph Grossman, et. al.
Maranda Wirt vs. Rebecca Sparr's executors.
Use of George Noll, tax col., vs. Joseph Green estate.
Julia A. Guiser vs. Wm. P. Dorman, administrator.
Daniel T. Meyer vs. Rush twp.
William Witmer vs. Edward Sellers.
F. E. Naginey's use vs. Jas. A. McCafferty, admr.

Colyer.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Moyer and children and Mr. and Mrs. G. M. Cooney spent Sunday at the home of Peter Philips.

A young carpenter came to the home of David Young one day last week.

Dr. and Mrs. H. S. Alexander, of Potters Mills, spent Sunday at the home of Geiss Wagner, at Manor Hill.

James Runkle moved his household goods to the home of his father, at Tusseyville, on Monday. Stuart Jordan moved into the house vacated by the Runkle family.

The James Runkle and C. S. Fortney sales were well attended and things brought fair prices.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Bitner and children spent Sunday at the home of John Dashem.

The funeral of John T. Smith, Saturday, was largely attended.

The Tusseyville school is closed, owing to the fact that the teacher, Miss Blanche Rossman, and most of the scholars are ill from the mumps.

WANTED—A good girl for general housework. Good wages for satisfactory work. Three in family. Apipy to J. D. MITCHELL,
o. March 29 Burnham, Pa.

DIED CELEBRATING.

Harry Riter, of Coburn, an Imbecile, Celebrates His Majority Day and Dies of Acute Alcoholic Poisoning.

"Death due to acute alcoholic poisoning" was the verdict of the coroner's jury rendered after taking testimony on the death of Harry Riter, at Coburn.

Young Riter, a weak-minded man, celebrated his majority day by imbibing from a bottle of whiskey, Tuesday, and shortly after noon on that day he was found dead at the grain house of Commissioner Weaver, at Coburn. A jury was appointed, and after hearing evidence in the case, rendered the verdict noted above.

Harry Riter, a son of George Riter, was a "character" about Coburn, and was the butt of many jokes. On reaching the age of twenty-one he became intoxicated first with the joy of having reached his majority, and later with the juice of the barley corn.

The termination of life under such circumstances is indeed sad, and the fact that the man was not fully accountable for his own acts adds to rather than lessens the horrors of such a death.

The coroner's jury consisted of Jackson Stover, G. R. Stover, J. C. Hosterman, W. L. Hosterman, George P. Shaffer, A. L. Auman.

Timber Sold.

The school board sold the timber on Public School Park to B. D. Brisbin & Company for $75, the same to be removed within six months.

This sum, together with the proceeds from the sale of the lots to the Odd Fellows, will be placed on interest, under the provisions of a law permitting the accumulation of funds for the purchase of a building site or the erection of a school building, although no time has been set for the purchase.

Rural Telephone Company Directors Meet.

The directors of The Central Company, The Patrons Rural Telephone Company, will meet at the Garman House, Bellefonte, Thursday, April 5th, 10 o'clock a. m. All stock holders in Branch Companies may attend the meeting if they so desire.

Vaudeville, Friday Night.

Prof. G. N. King, of New York, will appear in Grange Arcadia, Friday night. There will be seven vaudeville acts. Prof. King is also a magician.

Another man's hobby always look easy to ride.

There is no philosophy like that of not wanting what we can't get.

GOOD ROADS AND NEW LAWS.

Movements for Better Highways is Receiving More Attention.

All the new system of road administration, the all-cash-tax departure is one that has uncovered considerable diversity of opinion among farmers. The average rural voter is naturally conservative; and he scrutinizes all legislation affecting his home affairs with jealous circumspection. He hates taxation as honestly as he does the millionaire; but he realizes that a resonable amount of taxation is inevitable, and he bears the burden with more resignation than the magnates and coal barons of the cities. But when you come at him with an innovation in taxation with a local option attached, the farmer is disposed to take the safe side.

The one feature of the Act of 1905, which more than any other, made the cautious agriculturists view it suspiciously and askance, is the fact that the local option, granted with so much apparent graciousness by the Legislature, is one-sided. When a road district once adopts the all-cash system there is no provision in the law by which that district can return to the work-tax system, if it should afterward be found desirable to do so. The new road policy is not reversible. The work tax, once abolished, is abolished irrevocably.

But there is nothing drastic nor onerous in the new law. Its great advantage to the whole taxpaying public lies in its final abolition of the old supervisor system—probably the most slipshod method of road administration ever devised by legislative disingenuity. In its uprooting of the old supervisor system the new road law work a long-belated revolution. There will still be supervisors, indeed, but they will supervise, simply; they will not work the roads, nor collect the taxes. The whole road system is at last placed upon a business basis and every functionary can be held to strict accountability for his stewardship. The roadmasters will be held accountable by the supervisors for work to be performed, and the roadmasters, who, the law says, must themselves work, will also see that everpbody else works.

The new system will meet with difficulties and obstructions, as a matter of course, but all these will be overcome. Judge Bouton, of McKean county, has declared the new law unconstitutional on account of its local option feature. Judge Cresswell, of Venango, pronounces the law void "because of its uncertain provisions." But every new act, no matter how beneficial its purposes, must run the inevitable gauntlet of the judges. Any faults discovered in the new law can be readily corrected by the next egislature.

LOCALS.

Miss Jennie Stahl and her niece, and namesake Jennie Stahl, contemplate a trip to Tyrone this week.

Rev. Adam S Bierly, a minister of the Evangelical Association denomination, is now located near Selinsgrove. His former field was at Pillow, Dauphin county.

Fred Mosebarger, who has been proprietor of the Haag House, Bellefonte, for the last five years, sold his entire stock to J. Mitchell Cunningham who will assume charge Monday.

Madison Castle, No. 360, K. G. E., will have an oyster supper Saturday evening, March 31, in the town hall of Madisonburg. Ice cream will also be served. Everybody is invited.

There will be a meeting of the Hospital Aid Society Monday evening, April 9th, at the home of Mrs. Mary Shoop. The occasion will be a housewarming as well as a Hospital Aid meeting.

The Daily News has this item: Dr. John Riter, who is known throughout Penns Valley as an expert veterinary surgeon, has moved to Bellefonte and with his son-in-law, Ben. Brown, will occupy a house on Penn street.

"The Pink Hussars, or His Honor the Mayor," the big musical comedy which has just finished a four months' engagement at the Chicago Opera House under the management of the Alfred E. Aarons Musical Comedy Company, will be brought to the Chestnut Street Theatre, Philadelphia, for an engagement of three weeks, beginning Monday, April 2nd, with matinees Wednesday and Saturday. The story deals with the Hon. Teddy Todd, Mayor of Kankakee, who is "doing" Europe. In Paris he meets some former acquaintances of the Illinois town, among whom are his enemies as well as his friends. The mistakes and entanglements of which His Honor is made the victim, furnish a great fund of wholesome amusement. In the second act the various characters meet on an island in the Danube, the land of "The Pink Hussars."

Sober.

C. K. Sober, of Lewisburg, was a caller at this place Tuesday.

J. M. Grimm, who had been visiting friends here, returned to his home in West Virginia.

J Ebert went to Peru this week, to look after his lumber job there.

W. W. Vonada bought a horse last Saturday at the horse sale in Millheim.

D Smith and bride moved into W. C. Krader's house, near the Beaver Dam school house.

Mrs. D. Breon, of near Aaronsburg, was visiting friends at this place over Sunday.

The winter term of school at this place closed Tuesday.

To The Housekeepers:

We beg leave to announce to all Housekeepers, and prospective Housekeepers, that we are in a position to sell you . . . . .

All - Kinds - of - Furniture
Wall - Paper, - Mats

Etc., at positively the lowest prices that goods of this grade can be sold. Come and inspect our goods and you will be convinced that our

STOCK IS ENTIRELY NEW
AND
Up-to-date, in Style, Quality and Finish

We can supply you with all the goods necessary to begin housekeeping, and we will give that class of customers special terms and prices that will make dealing with us an item of saving.

While we offer special inducements to beginners, it is not at the expense of old customers, or customers who buy a single piece.

All Customers are dealt with on the ☐

Rearick Bros. Centre Hall, Pa.

...The Index...
Bellefonte, Pa.

Our Picture Framing Department is now in full swing.

New Mouldings
Prompt Work
Fair Prices

are giving us liberal business. We are thankful for it.

Bring *your* picture to us. The frame will be right, the price right, and above all, we will not keep you waiting for it. All work finished in one or two days.

...The Index...

BATTLEFIELD NURSERIES
C. A. Stoner, Prop.
Gettysburg, Pa.

Healthy and hardy fruits and ornamental
Trees, Shrubs, Vines, Roses
Etc. Special attention given to orchard planters.

ASTONISHINGLY LOW PRICES

o. apr 12 WRITE TO-DAY '53

PENNSYLVANIA... RAILROAD

Schedule in Effect January 1st, 1906

Trains Leave Centre Hall

FOR MOMTANDON and intermediate stations, Sunbury, Harrisburg, Baltimore, Philadelphia, Wilkesbarre, Scranton and Williamsport: 7.17 a. m., 2.35 p. m. week-days.

FOR WASHINGTON, 7.17 a. m. week-days.

FOR ELMIRA and intermediate stations, 2.35 p. m. week days.

FOR BELLEFONTE, Tyrone, and intermediate stations, 8.16 a. m., 2.36 p. m. week days.

FOR ALTOONA and Pittsburg, 3.36 p. m. week-days.

FOR LOCK HAVEN and intermediate stations, 8.16 a. m. week days.

W. W. ATTERBURY, General Manager
J. R. WOOD, Passenger Traffic Manager
GEO. W. BOYD, General Passenger Agent

LEWISBURG AND TYRONE RAILROAD.
Week Days.

WESTWARD.				EASTWARD.		
P M	A M	P M	STATIONS.	P M	A M	P M
1 38	5 40	5 42	Montandon	8 05	9 10	4 30
1 48	6 30	5 50	Lewisburg	7 55	9 00	4 20
1 55	6 38	5 57	Biehl	6 36	8 53	4 13
2 00	6 42	6 02	Vicksburg	6 30	8 48	4 08
2 08	6 50	6 10	Mifflinburg	6 20	8 40	4 00
2 20	7 02		Millmont		8 29	3 49
2 27	7 09		Glen Iron		8 22	3 42
2 55	7 37		Paddy Mountain		7 55	3 15
3 05	7 47		Coburn		7 47	3 05
3 12	7 53		Zerby		7 39	2 58
3 21	8 02		Rising Springs		7 30	2 49
3 28	8 08		Penn Cave		7 24	2 42
3 36	8 16		Centre Hall		7 17	2 35
3 42	8 22		Gregg		7 11	2 28
3 49	8 29		Linden Hall		7 05	2 21
3 54	8 33		Oak Hall		7 00	2 16
3 58	8 37		Lemont		6 56	2 12
4 03	8 42		Dale Summit		6 52	2 08
4 12	8 52		Pleasant Gap		6 43	1 58
4 16	8 55		Axemann		6 39	1 55
4 20	9 00		Bellefonte		6 35	1 50

Additional trains leave Lewisburg for Montandon at 5.20 a. m., 7.25 a. m. 9.45 a. m., 1.15, and 5.25 p. m., returning leave Montandon for Lewisburg at 7.40, 9.27 a. m. 10.03 a. m., 4.50 and 8.12 p. m.

On Sundays trains leave Montandon 9.16 and 9.52 a. m. and 4.39 p. m., returning leave Lewisburg 9.25 a. m., 10.00 a. m. and 4.48 p. m.

W. W. ATTERBURY, General Manager
J. R. WOOD, Pass. Traffic Mgr.
GEO. W. BOYD, General Pass'ger Agt.

CENTRAL RAILROAD OF PENNSYLVANIA
Condensed Time Table. Week Days.

Read Down.			Stations	Read Up.		
No. 1	No3	No5		No6	No4	No2
A.M.	P M	P M	Lv. Ar.	P M	P M	A M
7 10	2 45	7 05	BELLEFONTE	9 40	5 20	9 40
7 21	2 56	7 16	Nigh	9 27	5 07	9 27
7 26	3 01	7 21	Zion	9 21	5 01	9 21
7 33	3 08	7 28	Hecla Park	9 15	4 55	9 15
7 35	3 10		Dunkles	9 13	4 52	9 13
7 39	3 14	7 33	HUBLERSBURG	9 09	4 48	9 09
7 43	3 18	7 38	Snydertown	9 06	4 44	9 05
7 45	3 20	7 40	Nittany	9 04	4 41	9 02
7 47	3 22	7 43	Huston	9 02	4 38	9 00
7 51	3 26	7 48	LAMAR	8 59	4 35	8 57
7 53	3 28	7 50	Clintondale	8 56	4 32	8 54
7 57	3 32	7 54	Krider's Spring	8 52	4 28	8 51
8 01	3 36	7 59	Mackeyville	8 48	4 23	8 46
8 07	3 42		Cedar Springs	8 42	4 17	8 40
8 10	3 45	8 07	Salona	8 40	4 15	8 38
8 15	3 50	8 12	MILL HALL	8 35	4 10	8 33
			(N. Y. Central and Hudson River R. R.)			
11 45		9 04	Jersey Shore	3 26		7 52
12 20		9 35	Arr. W'msport Lve	2 50		7 20
12 29		11 30	Lve. W'msport Arr.	2 30		6 50
			(Philad. & Reading Ry.)			
7 30		6 50	PHILA	8 36		11 30
10 20		9 02	NEW YORK	4 50		9 00
			(Via Philad.)			
P. M.		A. M.		A. M.		P. M
10 40			Ar New York Lv	4 00		
			(Via Tamaqua)			

J. W. GEPHART, General Superintendent

Reed's Enameled Cooking Utensils

We are headquarters for "REEDS SUPERIOR ENAMELED KITCHEN WARE" which is the best that can be had regardless of price. If you need any ware for the kitchen, don't buy tin that rusts, and is worthless in a very short time, but come here buy them in "Reed's Enamel," which is perfectly sanitary, well made of good grade steel, double coated with an extra grade of gray enamel, guaranteed not to crack or blister

CONSIDER THESE PRICES.

Large Dishpans	$1.00	Coffee Pots	75c
Tea Kettles	$1.00	Sauce	40c

Kreamer and Son
CENTRE HALL, PA.

SPECIAL FARMERS TELEPHONE CO.

The convenience of the city added to the delights of the country. The farmer and market in touch. Information from nearest railway station available. Doctor always within speedy call with . . . .
FARMERS' TELEPHONE SERVICE

PENNSYLVANIA TELEPHONE CO
Contract Dept., Bellefonte, Pa.

The Centre Hall Roller Flouring Mills.
J. H. & S. E. WEBER, Proprietors

WHITE LILLY FLOUR
and MILL FEEDS

The Highest Market Prices will be paid for all kinds of Grain—Wheat, Corn, Oats, Barley, Rye, Buckwheat.

Baled Hay and Straw will be bought at all times, at the best prices the market will afford.

COAL All sizes of Coal, the best Grades of Coal to be had, always on hand. We invite school boards to consult with us before placing orders for fuel.

TO THE NEW BEGINNERS . . . .

We will save you money if you buy anything of us from A COOK STOVE to A PIANO, or that in the Furniture Line. Give us a trial.

Smith Bros., Spring Mills, Pa.

STATIONERY

At reduced Prices.

BOX PAPER
10c to 35c. Tablets, 5c to 20c

SCHOOL SUPPLIES
Lead Pencils, Pens, Crayons, etc.

F. E. WIELAND, Linden Hall

The Hair of Youth

Rich hair; heavy hair; long, luxuriant hair, without a single gray line in it! Hair that grows rapidly and does not fall out. The kind of hair that goes with Hall's Vegetable Sicilian Hair Renewer.

For the whiskers and moustache we make BUCKINGHAM'S DYE. It colors a rich brown or a soft black. R. P. HALL & CO., Nashua, N. H.

Cut off that cough with

Jayne's Expectorant

and prevent pneumonia, bronchitis and consumption.
The world's Standard Throat and Lung Medicine for 75 years.
Get it of your druggist and keep it always ready in the house.

DON'T MISS THIS.

A Cure For Stomach Trouble—A New Method, by Absorption—No Drugs.

It means a diseased Stomach. Are you afflicted with Short Breath, Gas, Sour Eructations, Heart Pains, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Burning Pains and Lead Weight in Pit of Stomach, Acid Stomach, Distended Abdomen, Dizziness, Colic?

Bad Breath or Any Other Stomach Torture?

Let us send you a box of Mull's Anti-Belch Wafers free to convince you that it cures.

Nothing else like it known. It's sure and very pleasant. Cures by absorption. Harmless. No drugs. Stomach Trouble can't be cured otherwise—so says Medical Science. Drugs won't do—they eat up the Stomach and make you worse.

We know Mull's Anti-Belch Wafers cure and we want you to know it, hence this offer. This offer may not appear again.

3316 GOOD FOR 25c. 144

Send this coupon with your name and address and your druggist's name and 10c. in stamps or silver, and we will supply you a sample free if you have never used Mull's Anti-Belch Wafers, and will also send you a certificate good for 25c. toward the purchase of more Belch Wafers. You will find them invaluable for stomach trouble; cures by absorption. Address MULL'S GRAPE TONIC CO., 328 3d Ave., Rock Island, Ill.

Give Full Address and Write Plainly.

All druggists, 50c. per box, or by mail upon receipt of price. Stamps accepted.

Haakon and the Hawkinses.

You pronounce the double "aa" in Haakon like "aw" in "awful" and the "laf" in Olaf as "laugh." The two names fall on the ear as "Hawkin" and "O-laugh." The numerous Hawkinses are descended from marauding crews of Northmen who flew on their flat bottomed boats not the raven, but the hawk flag.—London Truth.

Cures Cancer, Blood Poison and Rheumatism.

If you have blood poison producing eruptions, pimples, ulcers, swollen glands, bumps and risings, burning, itching skin, copper-colored spots or rash on the skin, mucous patches in mouth or throat, falling hair, bone pains, old rheumatism or foul catarrh, take Botanic Blood Balm (B. B. B.) It kills the poison in the blood; soon all sores, eruptions heal, hard swellings subside, aches and pains stop and a perfect cure is made of the worst cases of Blood Poison.

For cancer, tumors, swellings, eating sores, ugly ulcers, persistent pimples of all kinds, take B. B. B. It destroys the cancer poison in the blood, heals cancer of all kinds, cures the worst humors or suppurating swellings. Thousands cured by B. B. B. after all else fails. B. B. B. composed of pure botanic ingredients. Improves the digestion, makes the blood pure and rich, stops the awful itching and all sharp, shooting pains. Thoroughly tested for thirty years. Druggists, $1 per large bottle, with complete directions for home cure. Sample free and prepaid by writing Blood Balm Co., Atlanta, Ga. Describe trouble and free medical advise also sent in sealed letter.

In Old New York.

It is the custom of the New York papers to sneer at the unsophisticated doings of the people in other parts of the country. Apparently, however, judging from the revelations made in the evidence of Col. Mann in the libel case now on trial, many of the most prominent and wealthy men of the metropolis were the easiest kinds of easy marks for parties who merely proposed to write them up favorably or unfavorably, according as they paid out their cash, generously or not. It is marvelous to read how easy it was to get large sums of money ostensibly as loans or in return for certificates of stock whose value bore no proper proportion to the money paid out. That the leaders of New York society should have been held up in this way argues ill for their common sense, and at the same time shows the total lack of real value to the utterances of the so-called society journal.—Pittsburg Post.

A New Geyser.

"Ma," said young Miss Nuritch, "when we was at the Yellowstone Park did we see all the geysers that was there?"

"Yes, my dear," reflied Mrs. Newritch, "we seen all the things that was there. Why?"

"Because I heard old Mr. Dinkenkopf telling another man to-day that the 'Geyser Wilhelm was the greatest ever.'"

FOOD HELPS

In Management of a R. R.

Speaking of food a railroad man says:

"My work puts me out in all kinds of weather, subject to irregular hours for meals and compelled to eat all kinds of food.

"For 7 years I was constantly troubled with indigestion, caused by eating heavy, fatty, starchy, greasy, poorly cooked food, such as are most accessible to men in my business. Generally each meal or lunch was followed by distressing pains and burning sensations in my stomach, which destroyed my sleep and almost unfitted me for work. My brain was so muddy and foggy that it was hard for me to discharge my duties properly.

"This lasted till about a year ago, when my attention was called to Grape-Nuts food by a newspaper ad. and I concluded to try it. Since then I have used Grape-Nuts at nearly every meal and sometimes between meals. We railroad men have little chance to prepare our food in our cabooses and I find Grape-Nuts mighty handy for it is ready cooked.

"To make a long story short, Grape-Nuts has made a new man of me. I have no more burning distress in my stomach, nor any other symptom of indigestion. I can digest anything so long as I eat Grape-Nuts, and my brain works as clearly and accurately as an engineer's watch, and my old nervous troubles have disappeared entirely." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

There's a reason. Read the little book, "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs.

THE END OF AN EPOCH.

RUSSIA'S TROUBLES MARK THE DOOM OF EMPIRE.

The Return of the Land to the Peasants the Cure for Present Disturbances—They Could get Along Without a Government, Tolstoi Believes.

I have had a talk with Tolstoi regarding his views on the return of the land to the peasants as the only possible cure for Russia's misery, writes the Toula (Russia) correspondent of the New York Sun.

He would support any form of nationalization which would give the peasants a true hold on the land which they work. With improved methods of agriculture there is plenty of land to maintain an immensely increased population.

As it is, less than a third of the cultivated land is held by peasants or communities, and less than a quarter of the cultivable land is used at all. The Czar should at once return the land to the peasants, and they, with their long experience of a commercial system, could do very well without a further state, as they have successfully proved in their Siberian colonies.

When I suggested that there was also a town question, he put it rather easily aside. "Towns are the places where mankind has begun to rot, and unhappily the rottenness spreads. The mistake of the Liberal politicians in the towns is that they are always aiming at some English or American constitution. But those constitutions are things of the past, and an ideal is never of the past, but always of the future. For the Russians of our time we should aim at something quite different."

Among the many plans of work which, as he says, he cannot live to get through, is a book he is writing now, to be called "The End of an Age."

"As you grow older," he said, "day follows day and there does not seem much change, till suddenly you find people speak of you as an old man.

"It is the same with an age in history; suddenly it becomes old and out of date; it is finished. This movement in Russia is not a disturbance, it is not even a revolution, it is the end of an age.

"The age that is ending is the age of the collection of smaller States under one large State—the age of Empires. There is no true community between Russia, Finland, Poland, the Caucasus and the rest of them. Or what have Hungary or Syria or Bohemia to do with Austria? No more than Canada, Australia, India and Ireland have to do with England.

"People are beginning to see the absurdity of these things, and in the end people are reasonable. They tell me that if the Russian Empire ceased to exist the Japanese would overrun us. But the Japanese are reasonable people, and seeing how much better we were without an empire they would imitate our example."

The hole argument was magnificent, not so much in its daring as in its quiet confidence.

I remembered how for the last twenty years the cry of empire had been shouted at us as the one great object of existence; and here was this rugged old man calmly telling me that we were just at the end of an age—the age of empires. There he sat in the familiar gray shirt and high boots—the greatest personality in the world, and still its greatest rebel—quietly following out the logic of his principles, no matter where it might lead him.

He is 77, and in terms of years one is forced to call him old. The spirit has retired more deeply into the shunken and wrinkled form; but under the shaggy brows it looks out still with the clearness and high interest of youth.

Nothing escapes him. He knew all about the intellectual revival in Ireland, and was only sorry it was producing so many poets, for poets are very little good. He had been pleased to find that his fellow Puritan, Mr. Bernard Shaw, thought rather lightly of Shakespeare, in whom he himself had never discovered any satisfaction.

But besides all this interest in the affairs of the world, there seemed to hang over him that separate and distinguishing grace which the Middle Ages called sanctity and considered a thing to be worshipped. It was the grace of a long and abstemious life, consistently devoted to one high aim.

For I see no reason to agree with the superficial critics who draw a sharp dividing line in his career and in the course of his thought. All the principles of his later teaching are to be seen illustrated in the two great imaginative works of his earlier manhood; and if there is any fault to be found with a life so courageous and inspiring, I should seek it only in a rather remorseless consistency of reason.

But I should much rather leave it to others to reveal any weakness in so gracious and noble a personality.

FACTS AS TO MONKEYS.

Truth About Cocoanuts Explodes Popular Fallacy.

"The old story about monkeys climbing up coccanut trees and firing nuts down on people that pass under them, as related in the old-fashioned story books, is exploded by the facts," remarked W. D. Cartwright. "The fact is that cocoanuts are never plucked off the trees. They are fastened on by a fibre that would require the strength of a Hercules to break, and no monkey was ever born in the world that could break one of them. I have read many stories about monkeys climbing these trees, but after five years' experience as a resident of Porto Cortes, Honduras, during which time my business has taken me out in the forests, I have never seen a monkey attempt to climb a cocoanut tree. They have no limbs, only a small bunch of foliage on the top, and each tree bears from eight to ten nuts.

I am the president of the Honduras Light & Power Company, and I am here on a visit to friends in your city. Our company has a grand concession from the government, which is practically in the hands of Americans, and revolutions are a thing of the past in that country, although there may be some local disturbances.

"Kerosene sells from 60 cents a gallon down there, ice at 4 cents a pound and wood at $15 a cord. These prices are in silver, which is the money of the country, and need to be cut in two through the middle to show the true value.

"Of ccurse we have perpetual summer, and we don't need wood except for cooking. The great trade is in bananas. They ship on an average of 15,000 bunches of the fruit a day out in Porto Cortes all the year around. They sell at 5 cents a bunch loaded on cars. A banana tree will bear from six to ten bunches. When they gather them they cut the tree down, but it will grow up again from the root and bear another crop in six weeks. The natives haul them to market in excarts. The leaf on the tree is from six to nine feet long and from eighteen inches to three feet broad, so you can see what sort of foliage we have in that country. Our December and January weather corresponds to July and August in this country—in fact it is summer all the year."—Milwaukee Free Press.

LOST $5 AND A SWEETHEART

Typewriter's Mistake Led to a Tragedy of Errors.

"I'm in a terrible fix," sobbed the top-floor girl, "and don't know what I shall do about it."

"What's the trouble?" asked her sympathetic friend.

"It's all about Howard, and—oh, dear, it's awful. I discovered the other day that I had lost $5. It had been handed me when I was at my writing desk, and instead of at once putting it away in a safe place, I stuck it into an envelope and left it there. Later I wrote several letters, and when I again remembered the $5 bill it was gone.

"'My natural supposition was that I had sent it away in one of the letters I had just written. All those letters except one, were business letters. The exception was to Howard Strong. I immediately wrote to every one of my correspondents and explained what I had done and asked them to examine the envelope for a trace of the $5. Howard Strong is the only one that has replied so far; he sent me the $5. Fortunately, he said, he had not destroyed the envelope, and there, tucked away in one corner, he had found the $5 bill.

"Naturally I felt pretty good over that outcome of my mistake, but the next morning, when the second chapter began to unroll, I didn't feel quite so comfortable. I found then, in the top envelope of a bunch that I had previously overlooked, that $5 bill.

"It is no use for anybody to try to imagine how I felt, because it can't be done. I spent fully two hours puzzling over Howard's motive in sending me the money. Finally I came to the conclusion that he must have constructed my letter as an ingenious way of asking for a loan, and he had forthwith responded in the same round-about fashion. I wrote Howard a stinging letter. I claimed that by putting such a construction on my letter he had insulted me. Of course I returned the $5.

"About two hours after I had mailed that letter chapter No. 3 began. Ellen Fariss and I use that writing desk in partnership. It was Ellen's turn at the desk. The first thing I knew she was upsetting things in general looking for a particular envelope.

"'What kind of an envelope was it?' I asked.

"'One of those plain white ones,' she said. 'It was right on top of this bunch. I stuck a $5 bill in it yesterday—'

"At that point in Ellen's explanation I collapsed. It was her money that I had returned to Howard, and I had to take the last $6 I had in the world to settle with her. I haven't heard from Howard, and I have not had the courage to write again. I said in my last letter that all was over between us, and apparently it is." And the girl wept afresh. —New York Press.

A Lesson in Morals

"Look here, son!" exclaimed the angry parent. "I hear you were betting on the races yesterday."

"Well, father, I only put up a few dollars that Flyaway would win."

"Haven't I told you it was wicked to gamble? Haven't I warned you against it? If I ever hear of your doing such a thing again I will thrash you good. Now you take this note down to Broker & Seller's office, and hurry up about it. I think this remarkably open winter is going to hurt the wheat crop and I want to buy a few thousand bushels on margins. And don't you loiter on the way, either."

The Russian Government has under consideration a plan for a deep canal between the Baltic and the Black Sea.

FARM AND GARDEN

EARLY AND LARGE VEGETABLES.

There are two ways in which every man who takes pride in his garden likes to excel his neighbor. One is in having the earliest products and the other is in having the largest. A man may earn a reputation for having the sweetest peas, the crispest lettuce or the most mealy potatoes, but all this is eclipsed by one big squash or turnip, or one vine of early tomatoes, though none of these prizes may be any more than tolerated for the table.

Earliness is the result of conditions favorable for rapidity of growth and quick maturity. A warm soil still further improved by the addition of available plant food and an abundant of humus. A little nitrogen in some form is good at the start, but later it encourages a growth of top which retards maturity. This is not objectionable in case of some vegetables, but is not advisable for others. The treatment which would be fitting for lettuce and asparagus, or other plants grown for the top, would not be commendable for tomatoes and beans, or plants grown for their fruit. A balanced ration is most reliable in this case, and barnyard manure serves the purpose best if it is to be had.

For producing large vegetables the requirements are different. A long season is desirable. For this reason an early start should be made and maturity retarded so as to secure a long period for growths. The soil should be in a good responsive condition. The plants are not to be forced into a rapid growth at the start, but are to be kept growing through a long period. Stimulating nitorgenous manures are to be used sparingly, but phosphoric acid and potash are the dependence, the former for seed or fruit growth and the later for root.

However, with due respect to theories, the gardener who succeeds is the one who understands the requirements of plants and treats them accordingly. He sows the seed and sees that conditions are what are most suitable. Nature will do the rest.—National Fruit Grower.

TELLING AGE BY TEETH.

The following table for telling the ages of cattle by their teeth was recently presented to and adopted by the International Live Stock show at Chicago, and is interesting as well as valuable as showing the dentition in such animals at different stages of growth: Twelve months—An animal of this age should have all its milk (calf) incisor teeth in place. Fifteen months—At this age centre pair of incisor milk teeth may be replaced by centre pair of permanent incisors (pinchers), the latter teeth being through the gums, but not yet in wear. Eighteen months—The middle pair of permanent incisors at this age should be fully up and in wear, but the next pair (first intermediate) not yet cut through the gums. Twenty-four months—The mouth at this age will show two middle permanent (broad) incisors fully up and in wear, and next pair (first intermediate) well up, but not in wear. Thirty months—The mouth at this age may show six broad, permanent incisors, the middle and first intermediate pairs fully up and in wear, and the next pair (second intermediate) well up, but not in wear. Thirty-six months—Three pairs of broad teeth should be fully up and in wear, and the corner milk teeth may be shed or shedding, with the corner permanent teeth appearing through the gums. Thirty-nine months—Three pairs of broad teeth will be fully up and in wear, and corner teeth (incisors) through gums, but not in wear.—Weekly Witness.

CORN GROWERS ARE USEFUL.

While fully recognizing the value of the corn crop in all sections and particularly in the West, where it is so largely grown, the fact remains that more of it is wasted than should be. Western farmers wear out themselves and their horses plowing under cornstalks which could be put into the ground much more easily and inexpensively but cutting the stalks, shredding them and feeding them to the stock, so as to have the manure for the soil. If humus is needed it can be much more easily supplied than by plowing under cornstalks. Farmers of the East can not understand why their brethern of the West follow corn with corn; perhaps, in the East, it is realized that the time has been when the change was forced on them, as it must be, eventually, in the West. We may follow corn after corn now and for some years to come successfully, but we'll have to stop it sometime. Further, why should we continue it until forced to stop, either in the West or elsewhere?

If sections have found the rotation of crops profitable is there any reason to assume that it will not be equally successful elsewhere? On the other hand, if a soil is able to grow crop after crop of corn with success, is it not fair to assume that a short rotation, say three years, would give crops which would be more profitable and leave the soil in much better condition? Think it over, or, better still, experiment a little on small plots, and see what the result is.—Indianapolis News.

AN ADVANTAGEOUS METHOD.

If the hens are expected to come to the poultry house to lay, and this is where they should lay, the nest boxes must be made as inviting as possible, or one will find them stealing nests or even laying in hidden nooks on the range. Make it a point to locate the nest boxes in the dark part of the houses, but where it is as cool as possible, and see that they are kept filled with clean straw and fumigated regularly, after the house is cleaned weekly. It is a good plan to scatter a lot of insect powder through the nest material.

Another good plan is to have a small quantity of some food the fowls particularly like, in the house from which they may help themselves when they leave the nest. They are not likely to disturb it when they come in, for they are intent on laying, but they will enjoy it when coming off the nest, and it will do much to induce them to come to the house each time they are ready for laying. It pays well to cater to all the little foibles of the egg-producer.—Indianapolis News.

POULTRY NOTES

Have the winter quarters ready for the fowls.

Confined fowls must have their wants carefully attended to.

The plumage of old fowls tends to shade lighter with increasing years.

During the shedding of feathers the hens lay very few eggs and sometimes none at all.

Teach the young chicks to scratch as early as possible by scattering small grain among litter.

Poultry powders are rarely required for flocks that are fed and cared for properly.

A little flax seed meal in the food will help the old fowls to pass through moulting readily.

Air slacked lime dusted everywhere is cheap and will aid materially in destroying lice, gapes and roup.

One important item in fattening fowls economically is to supplly the food in a way that is easily digested.

The flesh of the guinea is dark but contains a delicacy of flavor that approaches that of wild game.

The laying of unusually large eggs is an indication that the hens are too fat.

The roosts should be low, especially for large, heavy fowls and should all be the same height.

When the hens stop laying they may often be started again by a change of food.

Prevent disease among the fowls rather than risk curing them; keep the quarters clean and supply pure water.

While ducks require water to assist in swallowing their food they should not be allowed on ponds until well feathered.

One advantage in breeding ducks is their freedom from disease; after they are a week old there is but little danger.

In nearly all cases improvement among poultry can be more readily secured if only one or two breeds are kept rather than a larger number.

SELL THE POOR COWS.

Get rid of those poor cows that are eating their heads off. No farmer can afford to keep any free boarders in his cow stable, and the cow that does not pay her way is nothing more nor less than this. Many a non-paying dairy could be made a profitable one if some of the cows were sold.

Asbestos and its uses

The mineral unique is asbestos. Different from every other material in its occurrence, mining and preparation for the market, it forms an entire study in itself.

It was first mined about a hundred years ago, chiefly as interesting to the geologist and mineralogist, and of little or no commercial value. About 1868 it was at first used commercially in the manufacture of roofing felt and cement. Early attempts to spin this fiber were unsuccessful, but the difficulties have now been overcome, so that a single asbestos thread, weighing not more than one ounce per 100 yards, which has a pretty fair strength, may be made. In its spun state it is used largely as yarn for packing valves, etc., for which use it has many advantages.

Asbestos ropes for fire departments are made entirely of asbestos, or asbestos with a core of steel. With the steel wire core a three-quarter inch rope carried nearly 2,000 pounds. Without the core the three-quarter inch rope carries over 300 pounds, and suffices for firemen's purposes.—Chicago Tribune.

A Fear.

"So you think that this concentration of wealth is the inevitable outgrowth of our civilization?"

"I do," answered Mr. Thinker.

"And you must admit that the ultimate result of such a condition would be to put all the money under the control of one individual?"

"Yes."

"Well, it seems terrible to think of."

"What does?"

"The possibility of some billionaire getting out of temper some day and making up his mind to discharge the entire human race."—Judge.

ATTORNEYS.

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EDWARD ROYER, Proprietor.
Location: One mile South of Centre Hall.
Accommodations first-class. Good bar. Parties wishing to enjoy an evening given special attention. Meals for such occasions prepared on short notice. Always prepared for the transient trade.
RATES: $1.00 PER DAY.

The National Hotel
MILLHEIM, PA.
I. A. SHAWVER, Prop.
First class accommodations for the traveler Good table board and sleeping apartments The choicest liquors at the bar. Stable accommodations for horses is the best to be had. Bus to and from all trains on the Lewisburg and Tyrone Railroad, at Coburn

LIVERY
Special Effort made to Accommodate Commercial Travelers.....
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Receives Deposits . .
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Manufacturer of and Dealer in
HIGH GRADE . . .
MONUMENTAL WORK
In all kinds of
Marble AND Granite.
Don't fail to get my prices

LADIES

Safe, Quick, Reliable Regulator
Superior to other remedies sold at high prices. Cure guaranteed. Successfully used by over 200,000 Women. Price, 25 Cents, druggists or by mail. Testimonials & booklet free.
Dr. LaFranco, Philadelphia, Pa.

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NEW LIFE TEA
ALWAYS CURES
CONSTIPATION, INDIGESTION, SICK HEADACHE,
And imparts new life to the whole system. At all druggists and dealers, 25c, or sent by mail, if your dealer will not supply you. Address,
John D. Langham, Holley, N. Y.

GREAT SCOTT.

The Biggest Man of Addison County, Vt., Tells an Interesting Story.

E. C. Scott, meat dealer, Vergennes, Vt., Past Commander of Ethan Allen Post, G. A. R., says: "A severe attack of typhoid left me with weak kidneys. Every night I had to get up frequently to pass the urine, which was ropy, dark and very painful to void. I had no appetite, but drank water continually without being able to quench my thirst. Terrible headaches and dizzy spells oppressed me and my back was lame, sore and stiff. A month's treatment with Doan's Kidney Pills rid me of this trouble, and now I am strong and healthy and weigh 230 pounds. I give the credit to Doan's Kidney Pills."

Sold by all dealers. 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

Too Cheap.

An Omaha man who claims he can live on nine cents a day has received hundreds of letters from women who want to marry him. This seems to prove the statement that there are a great many women in this country who would be glad to marry if they could afford to support a husband. Many of these women presumably earn almost enough to warrant them in securing one of these luxuries, and a man who can be fed for 63 cents a week, or something like $2.50 a month, strongly appeals to them.

At the same time a 9-cent a day man seems to be too much of a bargain to be really attractive to the careful purchaser.—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Nothing knocks out and disables like

Lumbago and Sciatica

Nothing reaches the trouble as quickly as

St. Jacobs Oil

Known the world over as

The Master Cure for Pains and Aches

Price, 25c. and 50c.

When you buy **WET WEATHER CLOTHING** you want complete protection and long service.

These and many other good points are combined in **TOWER'S FISH BRAND OILED CLOTHING**

You can't afford to buy any other

A. J. TOWER CO. BOSTON U.S.A. TOWER CANADIAN CO. LTD. TORONTO, CAN.

Athletes Know and use

JOHNSON'S ANODYNE LINIMENT

for a rub down after exercising. It soothes and heals sore and inflamed muscles. Cures sprains, strains and bruises. For Internal and External use. Try it when you have a cough or cold. 25 and 50 cents. At druggists.

I. S. JOHNSON & CO., Boston, Mass.

W. L. DOUGLAS $3.50 & $3.00 SHOES FOR MEN

W. L. Douglas $4.00 Gilt Edge Line cannot be equalled at any price.

W. L. DOUGLAS SHOES AT ALL PRICES
BEST IN THE WORLD
THE WORLD'S GREATEST SHOEMAKER
SOLE AGENTS FOR W. L. DOUGLAS SHOES
ESTABLISHED JULY 4, 1876. CAPITAL $2,000,000

W. L. DOUGLAS MAKES & SELLS MORE MEN'S $3.50 & $4.00 SHOES THAN ANY OTHER MANUFACTURER IN THE WORLD.

$10,000 REWARD to anyone who can disprove this statement.

If I could take you into my three large factories at Brockton, Mass., and show you the infinite care with which every pair of shoes is made, you would realize why W. L. Douglas $3.50 shoes cost more to make, why they hold their shape, fit better, wear longer, and are of greater intrinsic value than any other $3.50 shoe.

W. L. Douglas Strong Made Shoes for Men, $3.50, $3.00. Boys' School & Dress Shoes, $3.00, $2.50, $2.00.

CAUTION.—Insist upon having W. L. Douglas shoes. Take no substitute. None genuine without his name and price stamped on bottom.

Fast Color Eyelets used; they will not wear brassy.

Write for Illustrated Catalog.

W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

COMMERCIAL

R. G. Dun & Company's weekly review of trade says:

Wholesome conditions are maintained in commerce generally, the tenor of most reports being favorable and comparatively little anxiety is felt regarding the labor situation.

New projects are constantly appearing, calling for much capital and giving employment to many wage-earners.

Several scales have been signed that provide for higher wages after this month and the general prosperity of the Winter is believed to assure a very large retail trade in Spring wearing apparel.

Jobbing houses have been enabled to make shipments with unusual promptness, owing to the ample railway facilities and few freight blockades that resulted from an exceptionally mild Winter.

Manufacturing returns from the leading industries continue favorable, the week's feature being record-breaking sales of leather, while the steel mills and iron furnaces operate at full capacity, the demand for lumber exceeds the supply and glass factories are preparing to advance quotations.

Failures this week numbered 229 in the United States, against 25• last year, and 34 in Canada, compared with 26 a year ago.

Bradstreet's says that wheat, including flour, exports from the United States and Canada for the week are 2,010,237 bushels, against 2,563,983 last week, 895,742 this week last year, 2,666,124 in 1904 and 2,395,598 in 1903. Corn exports for the week are 2,335,282 bushels against 2,894,445 last week, 3,841,411 a year ago, 1,573,289 in 1904 and 3,072,068 in 1903.

WHOLESALE MARKETS.

Baltimore.—FLOUR—Dull and unchanged. Receipts, 5,972 barrels; exports, 22,363 barrels.

WHEAT—Weak. Spot, contract, 81¼; March, 81¼; April, 81½@81¾; May, 82½@82⅝; steamer No. 2 red, 75@75¼. Receipts, 13,429 bushels. Southern on grade, 75@81.

CORN—Weak. Spot, 46⅛@46¼; March, 46⅛@46¼; April, 46⅞@47; May, 47¾@48; July, 48½; steamer mixed, 44⅝@44¾. Receipts, 150,629 bushels; exports 102,857; Southern white corn, 43½@47; Southern yellow corn, 43@46.

OATS.—Steady. No. 2 white, 35¾@36; No. 3 white, 35@35½; No. 2 mixed, 34½@34¾. Receipts, 17,539 bushels.

RYE.—Dull. No. 2 Western, 66@67 export; 70@71 domestic. Receipts, 3,337 bushels.

BUTTER.—Steady. Fancy imitation, 21@22; fancy creamery, 29; fancy ladle, 18@19; store packed, 15@16.

EGGS.—Steady and unchanged at 14.

CHEESE.—Firm and unchanged. Large, September, 14¼; November, 14; medium, September, 14¼; November, 14; small, 14@14¾.

SUGAR.—Steady and unchanged. Coarse granulated, 5; fine, 5.

New York.—WHEAT.—Receipts, 50,000 bushels; exports 7,938 bushels. Spot, weak; No. 2 red, 83⅜ elevator; No. 2, red, 85⅛ f. o. b. afloat; No. 1 Northern Duluth, 85⅝ f. o. b. afloat.

CORN.—Receipts, 88,150 bushels; exports, 75,686 bushels. Spot, easy; No. 2, 50 elevator, and 47⅝ f. o. b. afloat; No. 2 yellow, 47⅝; No. 2 white, 47⅝.

OATS.—Receipts, 64,500 bushels. Spot, easy; mixed oats, 26@32 pounds, 34½@34¾; natural white, 30@33 pounds, 35@36; clipped white, 38@40 pounds, 36½@38½.

FLOUR.—Receipts, 10,924 barrels; exports, 10,118 barrels; dull and lower to sell; winter patents, 3.90@4.25.

POTATOES.—Weak; Southern, second crop, per barrel, 2.00@3.00; sweets, quiet and unchanged.

EGGS.—Firmer; receipts, 9,791; Western firsts, 14¾; do. seconds, 14@14½; Southerns, 13@14¾.

POULTRY.—Dressed, Western chickens, 10@13; turkeys, 14@20; fowls, 10@13.

SUGAR.—Raw, strong; fair refining, 2 15-16@3; centrifugal, 96 test, 3 15-32@3½; molasses sugar, 2 11-16@2¾; refined, steady.

Live Stock.

New York—BEEVES.—Market slow; steers steady to a shade lower; bulls steady; fat cows a trifle easier; others steady; steers, 4.40@5.57½; bulls, 3.50@4.50; cows 2.10@4.20. Liverpool and London cables quoted live cattle slow at 10¾@11½ per pound dressed weights; sheep steady; refrigerator beef lower at 7¾c per pound.

CALVES.—Market quiet; veals, 6.75@9.50; no choice stock here.

SHEEP AND LAMBS.—Sheep nominal; lambs slow and 15@25c lower; some sales of medium stock 35c lower.

HOGS.—Good State and Pennsylvania hogs, 6.50@6.75.

Chicago.—CATTLE.—Market steady to strong; common to prime steers, 3.85@6.40; cows, 3.65@4.50; heifers, 2.50@5.00; bulls, 2.40@4.35; calves, 3.00@7.75.

HOGS.—Market 5c higher; choice to prime heavy, 6.30@6.35; medium to good heavy, 6.25@6.30; butchers' weight, 6.25@6.35; good to choice mixed, 6.25@6.30; packing, 5.85@6.27½.

SHEEP.—Market steady; sheep, 4.00@6.25; yearlings, 5.50@6.40; lambs, 6.25@7.00.

IN THE FIELD OF LABOR.

The value of camphor exported from Japan last year exceeded $1,500,000.

Tramway men of Kiel, Germany, were defeated recently after a short strike.

Eugene V. Debs, the apostle of industrialism, is at present on a tour throughout Canada.

Tinplate Workers' International Protective Association of America will meet at Canton, O., May 7.

Tramway men in Winterthur, Switzerland, have gained increases in wages and a reduction of hours.

A new union of Italian laborers with a charter list of 400 has been instituted at Lawrence, Mass.

Diamond cutters of New York City have received an increase in their wages and will now receive $75 a week.

Locomotive engineers have come to an agreement with the Grand Trunk Railway regarding an increase in wages.

WORTH QUOTING

Emperor William has issued orders that artists who desire to caricature the imperial person can do so without any fear of the penalties for lese majeste. That's a good way to take the point off the cartoonist's pencil, comments the Cleveland Plain Dealer.

No man who sits in the seat of the scorner, avows the Christian Register, can understand human nature; least of all can he make others less contemptible in character and more worthy of honor.

Enormous as the poultry industry of the country already is, says the Poultry Guide, with its combined poultry and egg production valued annually at $500,000,000, it is expected to grow rapidly in the next few years. In hotels, restaurants and household dining rooms chicken is supplanting other higher priced meat for the table. A great many thoughtful men who make a study of food questions believe that chicken will soon be the poor man's meat; that the increasing price of other meats will put them out of his reach, while poultry will be marketed at a price he can afford.

President Wilson of Princeton, at the dinner of the North Carolina Society, brought a grave indictment against the automobile in his statement that "nothing has spread socialistic feeling in this country more than the use of the automobile. To the countryman they are a picture of arrogance of wealth, with all its independence and carelessness." If the countryman regards the automobile in that light, it is a pity, thinks the New York Sun, for rightly used, the motor car will be a great agent of progress. We are inclined to think, however, that it is not the car or its proper use, but rather the motor maniac, that the countryman, with good reason, dislikes.

Hazing generally has apparently reached the point where the public interest demands that it be taken out of the hands of college and school authorities and be dealt with by courts, laws and police, like other offenses against the security of life, person and property, asserts the Baltimore American. In Indianapolis four students were shocked with such a powerful current of electricity that they made the narrowest kind of an escape from electrocution. It is significant of the strange wave of brutality which seems to be passing over the times that hazing now is not content without employing the element of torture in the "sport" afforded by treatment of its victims.

Expense, and great expense, may be an essential part of true economy, declares Stuyvesant Fish. If parsimony were to be considered as one of the kinds of that virture, there is, however, another and an higher economy. Economy is a distributive virture, and consists, not in saving, but in selection. Parsimony requires no providence, no sagacity, no power of combination, no comparison, no judgment. Mere instinct, and that not an instinct of the noblest kind, may produce the false economy in perfection. The other economy has larger views. It demands a discriminatory judgment and a firm, sagacious mind. It shuts one door to impudent importunity, only to open another, and a wider, to unpresuming merit.

Mark Twain has taken up the cudgels against overspeeding autoists, and in a characteristic letter in Harper's Weekly he proposes a novel means of detecting and punishing them. The law, he says, "dresses a convict in a garb which makes him easily distinguishable from any moving thing in the world at a hundred and twenty-five yards, except a zebra. If he escapes in those clothes he cannot get far." He suggests that this principle be extended to include "his brother criminal, the Overspeeder," who every day, throughout America, runs over somebody and escapes. At present, he points out, the automobile numbers are so small that ordinary eyes cannot read them, upon a swiftly receding machine, at a distance of a hundred feet. He suggests enlarging the figures, making them readable at a hundred yards. For offences of over speeding he would have the figures enlarged, as a penalty, in place of a fine,—to be re-enlarged for each subsequent offence. "With auto numbers readable as far as one could tell a convict from a barber-pole, none of these criminals could run over a person and escape.'"

Phenomena of Lightning.

All the phenomena of lightning and all its forms are determined, doubtless, by the kind and amount of resistance it encounters. Its light is due to the resistance of the atmosphere. Its noisy and often terrifying but quite harmless, accompaniment of thunder, is due to the sudden separation and reunion of bodies of air from sudden heating and cooling, and perhaps in part to the explosion of gases into which watery vapor is decomposed by the intense heat of electrical flashes, the result of such explosion being their recombination in the proportions of water.

Everything Worn.

"And you still delay the wedding," sighed the beautiful girl. "My heart is worn out."

"Is that all?" demanded the suitor who was an advocate of procrastination.

"No, the carpet is worn out, the parlor sofa is worn out, ma's hopes are worn out and pa's patience is worn out."

The suitor whistled.

"Well, by gum!" he retaliated. "My shoes are worn out coming here every two or three nights."

FITS permanently cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer, $2 trial bottle and treatise free. Dr. R. H. KLINE, Ltd., 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa

False teeth will not be in demand in Germany.

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, } ss.
LUCAS COUNTY.

FRANK J. CHENEY makes oath that he is senior partner of the firm of F. J. CHENEY & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of CATARRH that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH CURE. FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A.D., 1886. (SEAL.) A. W. GLEASON, *Notary Public.*

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O.

Sold by all Druggists, 75c.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

It is easy for a man to behave after he breaks into the bar-been class.

Taylor's Cherokee Remedy of Sweet Gum and Mullen is Nature's great remedy—Cures Coughs, Colds, Croup and Consumption, and all throat and lung troubles. At Druggists, 25c., 50c., and $1.00 per bottle.

Perseverance works wonders, but it can't convert bad eggs into chickens.

SORES FROM HEAD TO FOOT.

Covered With Crusted Scaly Eczema When One Month Old—Cured by Cuticura at Expense of $4.50.

"When I was one month old I was taken with eczema. After being under the treatment of two doctors for one month, and no improvement, my mother was advised by a druggist to try Cuticura Soap and Ointment. I was one crust of sores from head to foot. My mother could brush the scales off my body and my finger and toe nails fell. After using six cakes of Cuticura Soap and about as much Cuticura Ointment I was completely cured. I am now seventeen years old, and my skin has not a scar. I am still finding wonders in Cuticura; after washing a fever blister two days it was completely gone. Your Cuticura friend, Miss Eola Classcock, Marksville, La., Oct. 27, 1905."

The poor we have always with us—especially poor excuses.

Enthusiasm sets the pace, but common sense wins in a walk.

MIDDLE LIFE

A Time When Women Are Susceptible to Many Dread Diseases—Intelligent Women Prepare for it. Two Relate their Experiences.

The "change of life" is the most critical period of a woman's existence, and the anxiety felt by women as it draws near is not without reason.

Every woman who neglects the care of her health at this time invites disease and pain.

When her system is in a deranged condition, or she is predisposed to apoplexy, or congestion of any organ, the tendency is at this period likely to become active—and with a host of nervous irritations make life a burden. At this time, also, cancers and tumors are more liable to form and begin their destructive work.

Such warning symptoms as sense of suffocation, hot flashes, headaches, backaches, dread of impending evil, timidity, sounds in the ears, palpitation of the heart, sparks before the eyes, irregularities, constipation, variable appetite, weakness, inquietude, and dizziness, are promptly heeded by intelligent women who are approaching the period in life when woman's great change may be expected.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound was prepared to meet the needs of woman's system at this trying period of her life. It invigorates and strengthens the female organism and builds up the weakened nervous system.

For special advice regarding this important period women are invited to write to Mrs. Pinkham at Lynn, Mass., and it will be furnished absolutely free of charge. The present Mrs. Pinkham is the daughter-in-law of Lydia E. Pinkham, her assistant before her decease, and for twenty-five years since her advice has been freely given to sick women.

Read what Lydia E. Pinkham's Compound did for Mrs. Hyland and Mrs. Hinkle:

Dear Mrs. Pinkham:—

"I had been suffering with displacement of the organs for years and was passing through the change of life. My abdomen was badly swollen; my stomach was sore; I had dizzy spells, sick headaches, and was very nervous. I wrote you for advice and commenced treatment with Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound as you directed, and I am happy to say that all those distressing symptoms left me and I have passed safely through the change of life, a well woman. I am recommending your medicine to all my friends."—Mrs. Annie E. G. Hyland, Chestertown, Md.

Another Woman's Case.

"During change of life words cannot express what I suffered. My physician said I had a cancerous condition of the female organs. One day I read some of the testimonials of women who had been cured by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and I decided to try it and to write you for advice. Your medicine made me a well woman, and all my bad symptoms soon disappeared.

"I advise every woman at this period of life to take your medicine and write you for advice."—Mrs. Lizzie Hinkle, Salem, Ind.

What Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound did for Mrs. Hyland and Mrs. Hinkle it will do for other women at this time of life.

It has conquered pain, restored health, and prolonged life in cases that utterly baffled physicians.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Succeeds Where Others Fail.

GOOD LUCK
ONE SPOONFUL MAKES
BAKING POWDER
THE SOUTHERN MFG. CO.
RICHMOND, VA.
Good Luck Knocking at Your Oven Door
You're bound to have good luck on baking day if you use Good Luck Baking Powder. There is always just so much "riz" to a spoonful, because it never varies in strength. You know that's what makes reliable baking. A good cook who once tries Good Luck will never go back to the uncertain kinds.
GOOD LUCK
Baking Powder
also makes a big difference in the family pocketbook the day the grocer's bill is paid. Only 10 cents for a pound can—we couldn't improve the purity and quality of Good Luck if we charged three times as much.
Don't overlook the beautiful premiums we give with Good Luck Baking Powder. This is our method of sharing with you the saving we make by shipping in carload lots to grocers. Cut out coupon from back of each can. The little gift book inside of can illustrates and describes the articles you may obtain.
THE SOUTHERN MFG. CO., Richmond, Va.
IN CUTTING OUT COUPON FOLLOW THIS LINE
Solid Carload "GOOD LUCK" BAKING POWDER
CUT OUT THIS CAN AND SAVE IT. THEY ARE GOOD FOR VALUABLE ARTICLES. SEE LIST IN EACH CAN. Address: THE DEPARTMENT STORE OF THE SOUTHERN MNTG CO. Dept 851 Richmond Va. U.S.A.
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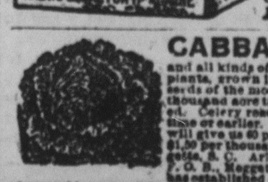
PRICE, 25 Cts



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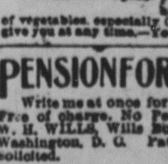
IS GUARANTEED TO CURE GRIP, BAD COLD, HEADACHE AND NEURALGIA.

I won't sell Anti-Gripine to a dealer who won't Guarantee It. Call for your MONEY BACK IF IT DOESN'T CURE.

F. W. Diemer, M.D., Manufacturer, Springfield, Mo



CABBAGE Plants! CELERY Plants!

and all kinds of garden plants. Can now furnish all kinds of cabbage plants, grown in the open air and will stand great cold. Grown from seeds of the most reliable gentlemen. We use the same plants on our thousand acre truck farm. Plants carefully counted and properly packed. Celery ready last of Dec. Lettuce, Onion and Beet plants, same time or earlier. Reduced express rates promised, which, when effective, will give us 60 per cent less than mercantile rates. Prices: Small lots $1.50 per thousand, large lot $1.00 to $1.25 per thousand. F. O. B. Meggetts, S. C. Arlington White Spine Cucumber Seed 60 cents per pound. F. O. B., Meggetts, S. C. The United States Agricultural Department has established an Experimental Station on our farms to test all kinds of vegetables, especially Cabbages. The results of these experiments we will be pleased to give you at any time.—Yours respectfully,—N. E. BLITCH COMPANY, MEGGETTS, S. C.

PENSION FOR AGE. A new order will give pension for age. Write me at once for blanks and instructions. Free of charge. No Pension, No Pay. Address W. H. WILLS, Wills Building, 312 Indiana Ave., Washington, D. C. Patents and Trade-Marks solicited.

ADVERTISE IN THIS PAPER. IT WILL PAY BRUCE

EGGS FOR HATCHING From my fine prize birds. Barred Rocks, Black Minorcas, Brown Leghorns. W. L. DUDLEY, Orange, Va.

I PAY SPOT CASH For Military Bounty Land Warrants issued to soldiers of the war. Write me at once. FRANK H. SMITH, 614 17th St., DENVER, Colo.

We Can Sell Farms City property or any Business Enterprises in 30 days. For further information, Address Consolidated Realty Co., Norfolk, Va., Atlantic Building.

5 for 10c worth of leading 1906 novelties in Choice Garden Seeds, $1's worth of Universal Fertilizer, 10 cts. per pkg., 4 pkgs. for 25 cts. Write for free catalog. BALTIMORE SEED STORE, Baltimore.

Only the survivors believe in the survival of the fittest.

DROPSY NEW DISCOVERY; gives quick relief and cures worst cases. Book of testimonials and 10 Days' treatment Free. Dr. H. H. GREEN'S SONS, Box B, Atlanta, Ga.

That Delightful Aid to Health

Paxtine

Toilet Antiseptic

Whitens the teeth—purifies mouth and breath—cures nasal catarrh, sore throat, sore eyes, and by direct application cures all inflamed, ulcerated and catarrhal conditions caused by feminine ills.

Paxtine possesses extraordinary cleansing, healing and germicidal qualities unlike anything else. At all druggists. 50 cents

LARGE TRIAL PACKAGE FREE

The R. Paxton Co., Boston, Mass.

THE CENTRE REPORTER

THURSDAY, MARCH 29, 1906.

CHURCH APPOINTMENTS.

Reformed—Centre Hall, morning; Tusseyville, afternoon.

Lutheran—Georges Valley, morning; Union, afternoon; Centre Hall, evening.

Presbyterian—Spring Mills, morning, communion, preparatory service Saturday afternoon; Centre Hall, Sunday afternoon.

[Appointments not given here have not been reported to this office.]

SALE REGISTER.

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 4, 2 o'clock p. m., one mile north of Potters Mills, J. R. Bible: One good driving horse, cow with calf, buggy, sleigh, wagon, harness, household goods.

Just for Fun.

If all was figured up, I'm sure
It would be found, alas!
Women spend too much time before
And men behind the glass.

Engraved Cards.

Orders for engraved cards, invitations, etc., taken at this office. The highest class work.

Boalsburg Normal and Preparatory School.

The spring term of this school will open in the High School room, Monday, April 16th, and continue eight weeks.

Classes will be formed to meet especially the needs of teachers and those preparing to teach. The higher branches will also be taught.

Boarding may be procured at very reasonable rates.

For further information, address
H. C. ROTHROCK,
Principal.

LOCALS.

Dr. J. F. Alexander was able to take a drive into the country Sunday.

James S. Stahl and son Bruce, Saturday morning went to Altoona where they spent several days with Claude K. Stahl.

R. B. Spangler, of Hastings, was in town over Sunday, and spent the time with his parents, ex-Sheriff and Mrs. John Spangler.

R. Austin Krape, of Yeagertown, is seriously ill, the result of an affection of the spine. Besides his physical ailments, it is said his mind has entirely given way within the past two weeks. Arrangements had been made to take him to Danville Asylum, but his physician would not permit his removal on account of his delicate physical condition.

Messrs. Stephen and Jonas Smith came from Philadelphia Wednesday of last week on account of the serious illness of their father, returning Saturday. In the meantime their father died and was buried. These young men are holding good positions, the former being a stenographer in the circulation department in the Philadelphia Inquirer, and the latter is employed by the Pennsylvania Railroad Company at its offices in Broad Street Station.

Rev. G. W. McIlnay was in town Tuesday, on his way to attend the 37th annual session of the Central Pennsylvania Conference of the M. E. church which convenes in Tyrone this week. Rev. McIlnay has just completed his third year's pastorate in the Penns Valley charge and has proven himself able to bring things to pass. Each year of the three, the benevolent offerings have been in advance of the preceeding year, the gains along all lines being anywhere from forty to sixty per cent. above what the records showed when he came. During the last year repairs to the extent of about $1000 have been made on church property, more than half of which was also provided for during the year, and the balance is forthcoming. His many warm friends are sincerely trusting that this pleasant relation and association may not be broken into by a removal this year.

Aaronsburg.

Frank Tomlinson, of Clearfield, made a business trip to his farm, east of town, last week.

Dr. D. K. Musser, of Bellefonte, spent Sunday with his brother, A. S. Musser, in this place.

E. G. Mingle and family and Miss Amy Stover spent Saturday with friends in Rebersburg.

Warren Winkleblech and family and Mrs. Annie Detwiler spent a day at Rebersburg, last week.

Mrs. Harvey Charles and daughter, Mrs. Stella Feidler, of Hartleton, spent a day with Jacob Feidler.

Rev. G. W. McIlnay, pastor of the M. E. church, took supper at the home of B. W. Wyle on Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. J. P. Condo, Mr. Roush and family, Merchant Detwiler and wife were guests at the home of Mr. Shoop, near Penn Hall, on Sunday.

Misses Ray Smith, Bertha Armstrong, Joyce and Mary Bible, and George McCormick, of Potters Mills, accompanied W. C. Mingle to the home of his parents, in this place, Sunday. Mr. Mingle is teaching school at Potters Mills.

A Safe Cough Medicine for Children.

In buying a cough medicine for children never be afraid to buy Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. There is no danger from it and relief is always sure to follow. It is especially valuable for colds, croup and whooping cough. For sale by C. W. Swartz, Tusseyville; F. A. Carson, Potters Mills.

DEATHS.

JOHN TROXELL SMITH.

Potter township lost a good and substantial citizen in the death of John Troxell Smith, of near Tusseyville. After a brief illness of bronchial pneumonia, Mr. Smith succumbed Wednesday of last week. Interment took place Saturday, at Tusseyville, Rev. Daniel Gress, of the Reformed church, officiating.

It was in 1847, November 28, that the deceased was born at Exchange, Montour county, and he lived at that place until coming to Potter township, about twelve years ago. In his earlier life Mr. Smith had been engaged in the mercantile business, but during the latter years he was following agricultural pursuits, and in this line he was very successful. The farm which composed his home is an illustration. Before he became its owner, the tract of land was considered altogether unproductive, yet by skillful farming the acres were made to produce splendid crops.

Miss Elmira E. Bitler, also a native of Exchange, became the wife of Mr. Smith, December 31, 1867, and the union resulted in the birth of eleven children, all of whom, as well as the mother, survive. They are as follows: Frances, wife of Charles McClenahan, Pleasant Gap; Jacob, Glen Iron; Ida, Mrs. Gideon Hartman, Turbotville; Adam, Lemont; Clyde, Boalsburg; Stephen and Jonas, Philadelphia; Lloyd, Ada, Benjamin and Raymond, at home.

EZRA SMITH.

A telegram was received by Elias E. Smith, at Penn Hall, announcing the death of his nephew, Ezra F. Smith, which it is surmised occurred at his home in Freeport, Illinois. Interment was stated to take place Tuesday morning.

The deceased was the eldest son of Joseph Smith, of Elizabeth, Illinois, formerly of Penn Hall. About thirty years ago Mr. Smith and his wife went west, where Mr. Smith engaged in various business pursuits. The last heard from him direct by his friends in the east was a letter stating that he had been in Dakota and other points to visit his brothers and sisters.

Surviving Mr. Smith are a widow, nee Miss Rose Rishel, sister of 'Squire M. L. Rishel, of Farmers Mills, and four children. The first wife of Mr. Smith, now deceased, was Miss Rebecca Lauver, who about thirty-five years ago taught school in Centre Hall. The four children were born, two to the first and two to the second wife.

The brothers and sisters surviving are: Margaret, Mrs. John Hazel, and Eliza, Mrs. James Grenoble, Chicago; George, Dakota, Illinois; Dr. Domer G., Elizabeth, Illinois.

EX-CONGRESSMAN ARNOLD.

Ex-Congressman William C. Arnold, of DuBois, died suddenly at Muskegon, Mich., where he had gone on a business trip. Deceased was a native of Clearfield county and was fifty-five years of age. He was a lawyer by profession and was also engaged in the banking business, coal and lumber industries. He was a Republican in politics and served this district in Congress from 1895 to 1899, while eight years ago he was talked of as a gubernatorial possibility. His wife died in 1897, but he is survived by four children.

Bad Luck Not Singly.

That bad luck never comes singly is illustrated by the misfortunes experienced by James Moyer, of Yeagertown, formerly of Centre Hall. A week or two ago Mr. Moyer left his pay envelope in his pocket and hung his pantaloons in one of the numerous closets used by the employees of the Burnham works for that purpose. Some time afterward, Mr. Moyer discovered that the closet door had been loosened from its hangings, and his earnings were missing.

But this was not the man's greatest loss. A few days ago the house in which the family were living took fire and was burned, together with nearly all the household goods. Further details are unknown.

Keith's Theatre.

The leader at Keith's Chestnut Street Theatre, Philadelphia, this week is the famous Boston musical organization, The Fadettes, composed entirely of ladies. The Barrows-Lancaster Co., appear in a delightful sketch, "Tactics; or, the Blue and the Gray." De Mar and Fortune present "My Sweetheart." Others equally as strong who help to fill up the bill this week are Bobby North, giving Hebrew parodies; Mareena, Navarro & Mareena, acrobats; Senator Frank Bell, in monologue; Carter & Bluford, Morton & Diamond, the Six Proveannies, Europe's foremost organization of lady cyclists, and many others.

Day School.

The undersigned announces that she will open a school in Centre Hall, beginning April 9, to continue for six weeks. HELEN S. HOSTERMAN,
Centre Hall, Pa.

Smith, the Photographer.

W. W. Smith, the Photographer, will be in Centre Hall Friday, April 6, from 8 to 2:30 o'clock.

THE MAGICAL DURIAN.

It Brings the Highest Price of Any Oriental Fruit.

It was at the height of the durian season, when all animal kind in Malay, two legged and four legged, is animated by an insatiable lust for the fruit itself and quick to fill with savage anger against whatever stands in the way of satisfying its appetite, for not the least remarkable quality of this remarkable fruit is the amatory effect it has upon those who consume it, says Caspar Whitney in Outing. All durian eating Malays, man and beast, are aflame with erotic fire. The jungle resounds with the fighting of lovelorn brutes and the towns awaken to courtship.

The durian is about the size of a pineapple, with a similarly rough outside covering armed with half inch spikes which are tough and sharp. It grows on trees fully sixty feet in height whose trunks are bare of limbs except at the very top, and when the fruit ripens it drops to the ground. So as the season approaches natives erect small huts under the tree or near by, from which they watch for the falling fruit.

Those who are fortunate enough to have such trees growing on their own land practically live on the income derived from the sale of the durian, for in the peninsular market it brings the highest price of any eastern fruit. In the jungle edge, where these trees have no ownership, the race to build the first hut and thus establish proprietary interest in the falling fruit is equal in intensity to a land rush, and in the jungle the natives must compete also with the wild beasts that share man's fondness for this extraordinary fruit.

Once in the jungle as I sat smoking, puzzling out some lost seladang tracks, a falling durian attracted my attention. The nearby trees seemed alive with monkeys racing to first reach the ground. One monkey that had been left at the post, so to say, deliberately dived from the top of the tree where he sat, fully forty feet, into the top of a smaller tree below, whence he swung to the ground. But, though he beat out the others, the durian had disappeared. A small leopard-like creature had sneaked off the fruit, and I was too absorbed in watching the aerial flight of the monkey to get more than a glimpse of the thief. The troop of monkeys that instantly forgathered discussed the situation loudly and in very obvious anger.

WHERE LUCK WAS LOST.

In trying to take short cuts to success.

In looking on the dark side of everything.

In overconfidence born of a first easy victory.

In not working to a plan or programme.

In not being ready for the opportunity when it came.

In sampling every kind of investment scheme that came along.

In dreaming of great things instead of doing the little ones at hand.

In being so disagreeable and selfish that they could not make friends.

In waiting for somebody to help them or give them a boost or for some rich uncle to die.

In refusing to take the positions they could get because they did not know whether they would like the work or not.—Success.

The Outlook For History.

History must be human, making its final appeal not as a monument of erudition, but as a masterpiece of art, in which the collective deeds and passions of men shall be not merely pictured with photographic accuracy, but vitalized and interpreted. Let us not suppose that this is a new aim. The great historians have always held it. The idea that Thucydides and Tacitus neglected to consult all the material available in their time is ludicrous. Gibbon knew his "sources" as profoundly as the impeccably correct Gardiner. Mommsen, we may be sure, had not, like Stubbs, a body of evidence which he dared not explore. The master historians in the future, by whatever method they may work, will prove themselves to be akin to these in insight, in power and in art.—W. R. Thayer in Atlantic.

Had Them Either Way.

In his "Recollections of a Virginian" General Dabney H. Maury tells of an old lady in Fredericksburg who was reduced to taking in boarders in order to make both ends meet. On one occasion of peculiar stress the larder was so empty that the good lady took to her bed and summoned her servant. "Nancy," she said, "there's nothing in the house for my boarders to eat except mush. But give them that. If they are Christians they will accept in resignation and thankfulness. And if they are not Christians it is a deal too good for them."

Reap Your Reward In Peace.

You have a disagreeable duty to do at 12 o'clock. Do not blacken 9 and 10 and 11 and all between with the color of 12. Do the work of each and reap your reward in peace, so when the dreaded moment in the future becomes the present you shall meet it walking in the light, and that light will overcome its darkness.—George McDonald.

Encouragement.

Mr. Bashleigh—Miss Dora, I couldn't begin to—to tell you how much I—I—Dora Hope—You certainly have been a long time beginning, my poor boy. Go ahead.—Chicago Tribune.

Occupied.

First Cook—An' what was yez talkin' about? Second Cook—Oh, we was discussin' the mistress problem.—Puck.

Why not advertise in the Reporter?

Transfer of Real Estate.

Frances T. McEntire, et. al., to A. W. Gardner, Aug. 1, 1896; lot in Howard boro. $125.

Peter Robb, et. al., to A. W. Gardner, Jan. 1, 1890; lot in Howard boro. $155.

Rebecca J. Tipton adm'r of A. S. Tipton to A. W. Gardner, June 3, 1885; land in Howard boro. $150.

John C. Peters to Ada B. Bullach, March 1, 1906; house and lot in Milesburg. $1000.

Samuel D. Fisher to Frances W. Gross, March 13, 1906; 48 acres, 62 perches in Halfmoon twp. $450.

Mary J. Fisher, et. al., to Sam'l D. Fisher, March 9, 1904; land in Halfmoon twp. $741.

Sarah R. Fisher, et. al., to G. W. Fisher, Sept. 4, 1903; land in Halfmoon twp. $747.50.

Henry H. Snyder, et. ux., to Herchel C. Parker, Feb. 13, 1900; lot in Philipsburg. $850.

W. C. Eisenhizer, et. ux., to J. A. Eisenhizer, Sept. 11, 1905; 59 acres in Howard twp. $800.

John C. Morris, et. ux., to Annie E. Zeigler, April 1, 1893; three tracts of land containing in all 34 acres, 23 perches in Miles twp. $550.

H. S. Taylor, sheriff, to H. C. Quigley, Aug. 28, 1905; 70 acres in Curtin twp. $585.

W. D. Zerby to Josiah T. Zeigler, Jan. 25, 1904; house and lot in Spring twp. $250.

Mirah I. Zeigler to W. D. Zerby, Jan. 23, 1904; house and lot in Spring twp. $250.

J. P. Gephart, et. al., to Catharine Fiedler, Dec. 16, 1904; property in Miles twp. $800.

W. R. McCloskey, et. ux., to W. R. Shope, March 5, 1906; three tracts of land containing in all 179 acres, 119 perches in Curtin twp. $2800.

W. R. Shope, et. ux., to Chas. N. Winner, March 5, 1906; 180 acres in Curtin twp. $900.

W. J. Singer, et. al., heirs of Conrad Singer to W. R. McCloskey, March 5, 1906; two tracts land containing in all 99 acres, 119 perches in Curtin twp. $2200.

Letter to Foreman & Smith.

Centre Hall, Pa.

Dear Sirs: The way to reckon the cost of paint is to put both costs together, the cost of the paint and the cost of putting it on.

It would save this country hundreds of millions of dollars a year; it would save you alone (if you happen to be a victim) several dollars a year.

See how it works. It costs as much to put on one paint as another, don't it?

Yes, if you use the same number of gallons.

Well, don't I?

No, you'll use twice as many gallons of adulterated paint as of Devoe; and you've got to pay twice as much for putting it on.

Mr. N. Avery, Delhi, N. Y., has two houses alike and in same condition. Painted one house with Devoe: 6 gallons. Painted the other house with a paint that was half adulteration: 12 gallons. Same painter, Geo. Gilbert, did both jobs. One cost $27; the other $54.

Better go by the name.

Yours truly
F. W. DEVOE & Co.,
12 New York.

Kreamer & Son sell our paint.

A woman seldom tells a man she is in the wrong until after he has apologized.

The Taking Cold Habit

The old cold goes; a new one quickly comes. It's the story of a weak throat, weak lungs, a tendency to consumption. Ayer's Cherry Pectoral breaks up the taking-cold habit. It strengthens, soothes, heals. Ask your doctor about it.

The best kind of a testimonial—"Sold for over sixty years."

Made by J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass. Also manufacturers of
Ayer's SARSAPARILLA. PILLS. HAIR VIGOR.

We have no secrets! We publish the formulas of all our medicines.

Keep the bowels regular with Ayer's Pills, just one pill each night.

A Chicago Alderman Owes His Election to Chamberlain's Cough Remedy.

"I can heartily and conscientiously recommend Chamberlain's Cough Remedy for affections of the throat and lungs," says Hon. John Shenick, 220 So. Peoria St., Chicago. "Two years ago during a political campaign, I caught cold after being overheated, which irritated my throat and I was finally compelled to stop, as I could not speak aloud. In my extremity a friend advised me to use Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. I took two doses that afternoon and could not believe my senses when I found the next morning the inflammation had largely subsided. I took several doses that day, kept right on talking through the campaign, and I thank this medicine that I won my seat in the Council." This remedy is for sale by C. W. Swartz, Tusseyville; F. A. Carson, Potters Mills.

Rebersburg.

Wilbur Diehl, of Connecticut, is visiting his parents.

Lee Rites, a lumberman from Hyner, is at present sojourning here.

The thermometer at this place registered fourteen degrees below zero Saturday morning.

The high winds of last week drifted the snow in the cross-roads in this valley, making traveling very difficult.

Calvin Finkle and daughter, of Spring Mills, spent last Thursday at this place, the guests of J. W. Harter.

While John Noll was smoking his meat the other day the smoke house caught fire and burned to the ground, destroying all his meat.

Misses Nellie Mingle and Amy Stover, two young ladies of Aaronsburg, spent Saturday in this town, at the home of Scott Stover.

Dr. Yearick had his household goods hauled to Lamar one day last week, and from there shipped to Woodland at which place he will follow his profession.

Henry Meyer and sister, Miss Mary, and Edwin Royer, all students at Bucknell College, Lewisburg, are spending a short vacation with their parents in town.

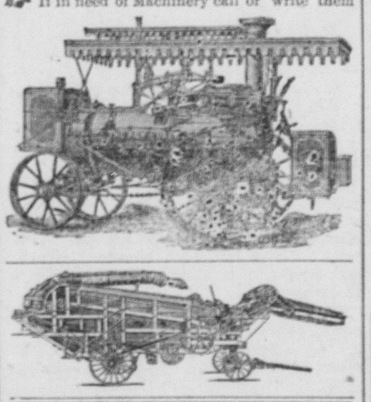
The new landlord, Mr. Eckert, takes possession of the hotel today (Thursday) and Mr. Shaffer moves into Wm. Limbert's house, two doors west of the post office.

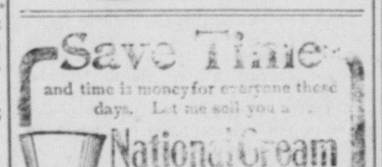
Jasper Brungart and Howard Miller spent the greater part of last week at Wolfs Store, taking an invoice of Harry McManaway's store goods which he sold to Samuel Gephart. The latter has employed Mr. Miller as clerk.

John Wetzel is finishing a term of school for Samuel Gephart, at Harter's school house, two miles west of this place. Mr. Gephart moved to Wolfs Store on Thursday and took possession of the store which he recently bought of Harry McManaway.

Good luck is really good management.

W. D. Strunk & Son, Centre Hall, Pa.
AGENTS FOR
Huber Manufacturing Co.
HARRISBURG, PA.
If in need of Machinery call or write them





Save Time
and time is money for everyone these days. Let me sell you a
National Cream Separator
It will not only save you time by skimming your milk faster than it can be done any other way but it MAKES money by getting all the cream. It saves more time than any other separator, because there are fewer parts to clean and they clean easier.
Call and see samples or write for Catalog.

B. F. HOMAN, Agent
Oak Hall Station, Pa.

Shoes!

We have just received a full line of "Selz" shoes every pair of which are guaranteed.

Carpet!

Also, a full line of carpet samples direct from the Factory, from which you can select your Spring carpets. Come and see.

H. F. ROSSMAN
SPRING MILLS, PA.

BELLEFONTE CENTRAL RAILROAD.
Week Days.

EASTWARD.				WESTWARD		
6	4	2	STATIONS.	1	3	5
PM.	P. M	AM	Ar. Lv.	AM	AM	PM
6 30	12 50	8 50	....Bellefonte....	6 30	10 15	3 00
6 10	12 40	8 40	.....Coleville.....	6 35	10 20	3 07
6 07	12 37	8 37	.....Morris.....	6 38	10 23	3 12
6 03	12 35	8 35	.....Stevens.....	6 42	10 27	3 17
6 00	12 31	8 31	.....Hunters.....	6 46	10 30	3 21
5 55	12 28	8 28	.....Fillmore.....	6 50	10 34	3 26
5 50	12 24	8 24	.....Briarly.....	6 55	10 40	3 32
5 45	12 20	8 20	.....Waddles.....	7 00	10 45	3 35
5 27	12 07	8 07	....Krumrine....	7 12	10 57	3 50
5 20	12 00	8 00	...State College..	7 25	11 10	4 05
4 30		7 45	.....Struble.....	7 27		4 10
4 25		7 40	....Bloomsdorf...	7 31		4 15
4 20		7 35	Pine Grove Cro.	7 35		4 20

Buy Wood at a Wood Yard

Don't pay 8 cents per pound for wood.

If you buy 100 pounds of White Lead in kegs you get 88 pounds of White Lead and 12 pounds of Wood.

When you buy L. & M. paint you get a full gallon of paint that won't wear off for 10 or 15 years, because L. & M. Zinc hardens the L. & M. White Lead and makes L. & M. paint wear like iron.

4 gallons L. & M. mixed with 3 gallons Linseed Oil will paint a moderate sized house.

Actual cost L. & M. about $1 20 per gallon.

Sold in the north, east, south and west.

C. S. Andrews, ex-Mayor, Danbury, Conn., writes, "Painted my house 19 years ago with L. & M. Looks well today."

Sold by Rearick Bros., Centre Hall.

Champion Liniment for Rheumatism.

Chas. Drake, a mail carrier at Chapinville, Conn., says: "Chamberlain's Pain Balm is the champion of all liniments. The past year I was troubled a great deal with rheumatism in my shoulder. After trying several cures the storekeeper here recommended this remedy and it completely cured me." There is no use of anyone suffering from that painful ailment when this liniment can be obtained for a small sum. One application gives prompt relief and its continued use for a short time will produce a permanent cure. For sale by C. W. Swartz, Tusseyville F. A. Carson, Potters Mills.

The true test of public greatness is to have dogs named after you.

If it is a bilious attack take Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets and a quick cure is certain. For sale by C. W. Swartz, Tusseyville; F. A. Carson, Potters Mills.

WANTED: By Chicago wholesale and mail order house, assistant manager (man or woman) for this county and adjoining territory. Salary $20 and expenses paid weekly; expense money advanced. Work pleasant; position permanent. No investment or experience required. Spare time valuable. Write at once for full particulars and enclose self-addressed envelope.
SUPERINTENDENT, 132 Lake St., Chicago, Ill.
o. May 17.

WANTED—Travelling salesman. Must furnish references and invest One Thousand ($1000.00) Dollars in our 6 per cent. bonds. Salary and expenses paid. Experience not required. We teach business at our mills.
THE WHEELING ROOFING & CORNICE CO.

EGGS FOR SALE.—Eggs from standard bred White Wyandottes of a carefully selected heavy laying strain; pure white and the true Wyandotte shape, $1.00 per setting of 15.
D. J. MEYER, Centre Hall, Pa.

H. S. TAYLOR
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
Office: Opera House Block (Opposite Court House) BELLEFONTE, PA.
All branches of legal business attended to promptly.

A
Traveling Salesman

for a New York shoe house bought a Kuppenheimer Suffolk Suit a few days ago. He said he had been obliged to leave New York a week earlier than he had expected and so did not get a chance to buy his suit before starting out. "It has made no difference, however," he said, "as long as I was able to get a Kuppenheimer, for a Kuppenheimer suit is a Kuppenheimer wherever you get it. I never wear any other make. They're always correct in style, made of good stuff and fit well. I have found them far more satisfactory than the average custom-tailor clothes."

Men whose opportunities make them more competent than the average man to judge what is best in men's clothes, will tell you that you'll make no mistake in buying Kuppenheimer Clothes. A complete assortment carried by

MONTGOMERY & CO.
The Home of Fashion
BELLEFONTE, PENNA.